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Established in 1869. "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. Terms: $1 50 per Year

Law, and Legal Tender Money.

A recent publication comes to us with its first article from the pen of ex-Secretary of State T. F. Bayard, who, for a text, quotes the golden opinion of the late Mr. Justice Miller: "No man in this country is so high that he is above the law. * * * It is the only supreme power in our system of government. * * * All are bound to obey it." And, subscribing to this, Mr. Bayard further affirms that "one of the chief and enduring purposes for which the Constitution of the United States was ordained is the estalishment of justice." This distinguished statesman's loyalty none will question, and I shall only employ his position to point a moral; for the journal concludes its May number with an article from the pen of an eminent statistician, in which he scoffs at certain laws of our country and designates certain statutes relating to money as framed to enable one citizen "to cheat" another. Furthermore, he teaches that the laws which he dislikes are dishonest, and thus, in effect, instils the doctrine of disloyalty into the minds of his readers. Anarchy practically exists whenever individuals are permitted to select the laws which they will directly or indirectly nullify or openly disobey. If it were the aim of the clever editor of the monthly, in the arrangement of the articles at his disposal for publication in the merry month of May, to illustrate how brief is the step from the sublime to the ridiculous, his effort in this instance has been attended with loftv success.

"Free coinage of silver,—why not?" asks the statistician; and he proceeds to argue that it is the duty of the government to eliminate silver from our legal-tender money, and that accomplished, and gold made sole legal tender, then to coin free all silver offered. The first, and it should ever be the last, answer to his question, stated under the conditions argued, is: Because there is not gold enough in the world to fulfil the functions of money, if all the great commercial nations use no money but gold as a legal tender, without robbing debtors and tax-payers by a consequent and inevitable lowering of the average scale of the prices of all products of labor, and consigning a large portion of labor to enforced idleness. This is demonstrated by the financial crisis wrought when England alone attempts to demand that all obligations due to her people shall be paid in gold. And the answer to free coinage of silver without legal tender value is, that it would be a crime against the best interests of the nation and a hinderance to the prosperity and welfare of the whole people. It would delude the masses with material supposed to be "money" in easy times, but which would prove to be worthless at the first mutteriugs of a financial storm. And it would furnish opportunity for an army of brokers to levy tribute on the people by buying and selling at varying discounts a material in the likeness of money, but not money, because not a legal tender.

Baron Alphonse Rothschild, that eminent merchant, banker and financier, whose name is a synonyme for knowledge on the subject of money and its functions, before the Monetary Commission, which met in Paris in 1869, opposed strongly any purpose to maintain and adopt gold as a single standard for money, and presented cogent reasons why such a step must prove alike injurious to creditor, debtor, and enterprise. Baron Rothschild said:

"The Simultaneous employment of the the two precious metals is satisfactory and gives rise to no complaint. Whether gold or silver dominates for the time being, it is always true that the two metals concur together in forming the monetary circulation of the world, and it is the general mass of the two metals combined which serves as the measure of the value of things. The suppression of silver would amount to a veritable destruction of values without any compensation."

The president of the Bank of France, in earnest argument, presented similar views to those expressed by Baron Rothschild.

The statistician next proceeds to discuss the creation and functions of money, and says: "The Government rightly assumes the function of coinage in order to give absolute assurance that each coin contains a certain quantity of gold measured by weight in grains, or a certain quantity of silver measured by weight in grains."

The function and power conferred upon Congress, in the justness, beneficence, and wisdom of the Constitution, is in no sense expressed as stated by the statistician, and the statement that it is "in order to give," implying defined specific purpose or object, is a perversion of fact. The Constitution conferred upon Congress the power "to coin money, and regulate the value thereof." In the exercise of that power and in the fulfilment of a specific purpose, Congress has coined gold, silver, and paper, and declared each "a legal tender in the payment of debts." The doctrine that "to coin money" means, of necessity, the use of metals is as arrant a piece of humbug as was ever promulgated by self-proclaimed scientists to mislead the minds of a busy and too-confiding people. The time is present when the sham of such teaching should be exposed. To coin is simply to stamp. "To coin money" is to stamp with any device, seal and inscription which the government may adopt. The authority granted neither asserts nor directs anything more, and means nothing less. The material to be used is left entirely to the option and discretion of Congress. Every piece of paper money issued by our Government for legal-tender purport contains the coin stamp—in red color—of the Government, and by virtue of this coin stamp, and this paramount, the legal-tender act of Congress applying to the use of paper money was sustained almost unanimously by the Supreme Court of the United States.

"To coin, is to form, fashion, fabricate, or convert into 'money,' anything of which it may be made." *

*(Farrar,—Manual of the Constitution. Legislative Powers, Special.)

Amid the perils which from time to time have beset our Republic, Congress has frequently authorized the issue of Treasury notes for currency, but those issued prior to the act of Congress of February 25, 1862, were not made a full legal tender, and upon those the stamp of the Government, as evidence of lawful-issue money, was not required; but upon those issued bearing the words "legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private," the required coin stamp of the Government came forth in compliance with the language of the law, which declares "shall bear * * * as evidence of lawful issue the imprint of a copy of the seal of the Treasury Department." This was the creation of money, of coined paper money, and in the power granted by the Constitution, with the authority and majesty of law, for the beneficent use of the people. In pursuance of the power "to coin money,"—not "dollars," as the statistician tries to persuade the people,—Congress has declared a certain piece of paper, a certain piece of silver, and a certain piece of gold, each bearing the national coin stamp, shall be "money," and a legal tender in the payment of debts; and under the adoption by special statute of the decimal system, shall be known as "dollars" and units thereof—the name adopted from a foreign language.

And under the power "to regulate the value thereof" Congress has declared that metal money and paper money, under the decimal system of designation, shall be of equal and uniform value in money of account, and in the payment of debts. Congress has not directed what amount of money shall be paid for a horse or any other thing of value. A legal-tender law merely prescribes how purchases and contracts shall be legally fulfilled. And, as a law and guide to the coiner in the selection of metals for metal money, the kind to be used has been specified, also the weight and quality of metals; but in no instance asserting as to grains of weight that they were or are of an exact parity in bullion value, although defining relative relations in grains of weight,—at times the silver-metal money being of greater bullion value than the gold; at other times, as at present, the gold-metal money being of greater bullion value than the silver. It is passing strange we never heard the cries of our peculiar patriots as to the "dishonest" gold dollar, when silver was at a premium by the gold standard. And Congress has from time to time changed the weight and the relative relations of weight, and changed the kind of metal to be used for coins, but has never changed their value while performing the functions of money in the payment of debts for which they were created, with the exception of the short-lived and ignoble trade dollar.

"To regulate the value thereof," is to assign a value to it as money—without reference to any value it may or may not have as material for other purposes than those assigned to it—by making it lawful money. Congress is not restricted as to the materials they may make use of, or their worth or value, independent of their authorized use as money; nor is it required that they should have any such value." *

*(Farrar.—Maunal of the Constitution. Legislative Powers, Special.)

Even this statistician assures us that "the value of gold and silver in the markets of the world is a matter that is wholly without the power of the Government to control or regulate." Then why should we not all unite in proclaiming the absolute folly of urging our Government to attempt creating metal money of a parity of bullion value? This writer further asserts in the article under consideration that "gold is the standard of the world's commerce." It will be difficult for the practical mind of the citizen of the United States to comprehend this assertion when he daily sees that the standard of our entire domestic commerce is the money of account into which enters every variety of our currency. He attempts to prove his assertion by the theory that the value of the entire crop of any production is determined by the excess, above consumption at home, used for export. The most valuable crop of all we produce is hay, the value of which is never determined by the price of the quantity available for export. Other crops of great value might also be cited, notably vegetables and fruit; then, too, our production of coal, iron, and other ores, and of most of our factories. Mr. Thomas Baring testified before a commission of the British Parliament that in the panic of 1864 in Calcutta it was impossible to borrow a single rupee (silver) on the deposits of £20,000 of gold—silver, not gold, being the legal tender. The testimony of that eminent merchant in statement of fact will far outweigh the theory, impossible to demonstrate, that "gold is the standard of the world's commerce." It is quite possible to demonstrate that the balances of the world's international commerce are chiefly adjusted upon a gold standard, but this does not sustain the general assertion, which cannot by any possibility be correct as to the domestic commerce in exclusively silver-using countries, and especially as to the enormous trade in those countries in commodities not entering into export.

For a nation such as ours, now capable of adjusting its balances of international commerce, with an ample supply of gold and silver from its own mines, and steadily maintaining a prosperous condition from its own industry and commerce, to "tie up to a gold standard," as urged by this writer, would be the sheerest piece of lunacy ever advocated. Such a course would throw away our present advantages and place the material destinies of the people of the United States in danger of the insolvency lately seen in South America and among other peoples, to whom England lends freely its credits and demands gold in return. Gold for credit, gold for interest, gold for insurance, gold for profit, and these failing to save her own credit at home, England shouts to all the world, "Lend, send me, gold to save me!" Shall we fetter ourselves for the purpose of aggrandizing England?

A statute proposed for all the States, and which has passed the Senate of Pennsylvania by an almost unanimous vote, reads as follows: "An act to prescribe the mode of payment of obligations of debt contracted to be paid in money. Be it enacted, etc. That from and after the passage of this act all obligations of debts, contracted to be paid in money, shall be payable—all stipulations to the contrary notwithstanding—in either the notes, gold, or certain silver coin authorized by the Congress of the United States as a legal tender."

Of this act a distinguished jurist, ex-Judge F. Carroll Brewster, wrote: "It expresses more law and more common-sense in briefer compass than any other statute upon our books. Its justice is so apparent that it is at first sight difficult to understand the necessity for introducing it; but once that it is explained, all must acknowledge the beneficent action of the law. No measure proposed in this century will have more far-reaching and important results. In order to give it full effect it should, as it no doubt will, be adopted by all the States."

The necessity for this statute is found in the fact that the statutes of the State govern the construction, validity, and obligation of contracts, and that, under those privileges, the declared policy of the General Government is daily nullified by the making of special contracts, payable in specifically-designated pieces of gold, nevertheless money, and by this avoidance of the law usury is attempted and "public welfare" is attacked.

The right of private contract is never denied the citizen unless its exercise involves or impairs the value of property or the welfare of others not parties to it. It is also denied when it affects public morals or evades the laws of our country.

The proposed statute does not restrain the right to deal in gold and silver bullion; for in that state the contract is one of barter, as to which the Government has never declared a policy which contravenes such right.

"Volumes of so-called political economy have been written, based on the idea that there should be 'unrestricted freedom of action' between men to make whatever bargains could be made, and that such contracts should be enforced by the whole civil and military power of the nation.

"The principle underlying these doctrines ignores all moral obligations of one man or one nation to another. It is the brute idea that the fact of one man, or body of men, having superior mental, physical, or pecuniary power, confers on that man, or that body of men, the natural right to use that power for his, or their, selfish purposes regardless of the sufferings thereby inflicted on weaker men or weaker nations. If this principle is correct, the slave-holders were right. For, if one race have superior power to another, why not allow them to use that power as to them appears best for their own interests? 'The interests of the weak and the strong, of labor and capital, are identical. Why, then, not trust the strong to do as they think best with the weak? Why not let nature take her course?'

"A shark wants 'unrestricted freedom.' The same is true of tigers and all other beasts and birds of prey. A wolf does not want to be 'limited' to the amount of mutton necessary to a meal, he wants 'unrestricted freedom' to slaughter and suck the blood of a score of sheep at once. Men whose superior physical, intellectual, or pecuniary strength gives them advantages over their fellows are prone to desire 'unrestricted freedom,' and often to unconsciously persuade themselves that the doctrines of the fishes of the sea are true political economy." *

* (Dr. J. P. Philips.)

The conclusion of an argument made by the present writer advocating the passage of this measure will further answer the question of "Why not free silver coinage without legal-tender value?" "The time has fully come when the statutes of the separate States should hinder a rapacity that attempts to evade the laws of our country that it may gather gain, listless that it is planting in the hearts of the toilers unhappiness, if not despair, and rendering the relations of members of society to each other antagonistic and revengeful. No republic can live if the laws of its States cannot be made to conform to the statutes of the nation, nor can it exist in peace and honor with one currency for the lender of money to demand of the debtor, and another, deemed of less value, for the commerce and the business of its whole people."

This statistician does not hesitate to call those dishonest who cannot see aught but equity, justice, and honor in complying with the laws of our Congress in the full use of and further advocating the wisdom of enlarging its volume to the extent of making all silver issues the legal-tender money of our Government. He will therefore permit those who differ with him in opinion to say that he who will declare it right for a creditor to loan money in the money of account of to-day, and require it returned at some future time in gold, is in purpose a usurer and at heart more than "dishonest."

The charter of the Bank of England permits the bank in time of catastrophes to pay its notes at one-fifth in silver, which in its ratio of value with the gold standard is less than the silver in the United States silver coin. If the citizen of Great Britain were to proclaim their ratio of silver "dishonest," or this privilege granted the bank dishonest, he would be sent into penal servitude. The law as expressed by Mr. Justice Miller is required to be observed and held in respect in England.

In concluding the article under discussion, its author, manifesting plainly that he feels that the source of all knowledge of finance and the functions of money rests with the gold doctrinaires, expresses the conviction that "the farmers" are fast coming under the influence of new convictions and further knowledge. With becoming modesty, the farmers may with pride and hope reverse assurances of satisfaction that some of the doctrinaires of to-day are gathering knowledge from the wisdom of the First Congress of the United States, composed almost entirely of farmers, which, "in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity," did, among its first important statutes, decree it supremely wise to secure bi-metallism for legal-tender money.

The wisdom of government is ever found in the use made of its resources. That government is wisest which reserves for times of peril forces of protection and of strength. Confidence is most assured when conscious that latent power exists. The use of paper as material for coining money may in the future, as in the past, rest with the necessities of public welfare or emergencies of peril; but, whatever the raw material of currency shall be, the fluctuation of values, within our domain, can be prevented only by making every variety a full legal tender; for then only can we feel that we have in substance but one currency, and then only assured of the approach to financial tranquility.

JAMES MILLIKEN.

Bellefonte Pa., May, 1891.

N. B.—

Mr. Milliken would remind those readers, not familiar with the fact, that the legal authority he quotes, in his publication, is not only a recognized but a standard authority of the Supreme Court of the United States on all questions of political economy. "Timothy Farrar" was the law partner of Daniel Webster.

He would also point out that the framers of the Constitution familiar with Continental paper money, nevertheless, conferred upon Congress unlimited power in the creation of money; and that in conferring upon Congress the power "to borrow money on the credit of the United States." Congress was not limited to borrow only gold and silver money, nor even confined to money of its own creation: But when restricting the states, as to money, the Constitution defines specifically that "no state shall * * * make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payments of debts," and this: Because the power to create anything else than gold and silver into money had, in forerunning provision, been conferred, in privilege, upon Congress, and conferred upon Congress clearly that "the use of paper as material for coining money might rest with the necessities of public welfare or emergencies of peril," and be exclusively and judiciously issued for the benefit of a national government and the preservation of a nation.

No part of this seemed, to the author, admissible in a paper discussing only the creation, function, and value of money, under the established laws of our country.

TO REVIEWERS.

The author begs leave to emphasize the title of this brochure with assurances that it relates entirely to "money" its creation, function, and value—or should be its value, and why?—under the laws of our country. He submits to the common sense, wise discretion, and patroiotic purpose of the whole people the question of how much money there should be, and of what it should consist beyond the use of silver, save that in the concluding paragraph he expresses personal convictions as to what it should not consist of except IN EXTREMIS. The act referred to, as pending in the Legislature of Pennsylvania, is not unconstitutional; it does not "impair the obligation" of any "contract" in existence; those made after it becomes a law are, under it, subject to its provisions. It does not attempt, on the part of the State, to make any money a legal tender; it confirms what Congress makes a legal tender. In view of the serious results that in several instances have already attended attempted reviews, the author would remind reviewers and readers of the well-recognized maxim in law that "insanity is not a separate realm, but borders on their daily lives continually."

FROM JOHNSTOWN.

FLOOD CORRESPONDENTS MEET SATURDAY—SOLEMN SERVICES YESTERDAY.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., May 31.—The Johnstown Flood Correspondents' association, composed of newspaper men from Chicago, New york, Pittsburg and Baltimore, arrived in this city Saturday morning about ten o'clock, and were met by a committee of the Cambria County Medical society. They were driven to the library of the society, where they spent the day in lounging about the rooms, and enjoyed a lunch. At 6.30 o'clock in the evening a banquet was given at McAteer's hotel by the society in honor of the guests. Mayor Bose was the toastmaster of the evening. Harry Brown, of the Philadelphia *Press*, gave a toast, "The Press." Captain H. H. Kuhn gave a toast on "The Canteen," and Cyrus Elder responded to the toast of "Reporting as a Charity."

To-day being the second anniversary of the Johnstown flood the people of this city were left alone with their mourning, the several thousands of visisors to-day having departed. Hundreds spent the entire day in Grrnd View cemetery beside the graves of their dead, which had been strewn with flowers. As 4 o'clock, the fatal hour, approached when two years ago the wave swept away the city, Mayor Rose announced the moment and hundreds of the mourners engaged in silent prayer. A magnificent column of flowers, sent by sympathetic strangers, was placed in the centre of the plot containing 800 graves of unknown and unidentified dead.

—Keep the fourth of July celebration on the boom.

LAWFUL MONEY.

We print in this issue a paper from the pen of Mr. James Milliken, on law and legal tender money, which is attracting widespread attention in our country from its novelty, its ability and force; and we especially invite our readers' attention to it. The act which was before the Legislature of Pennsylvania, at the time of its adjournment, which is referred to in the paper, also originated with *Mr.* Milliken. This act is the first instance in the history of our political government that a state has attempted to legislate to accept and fully confirm the statutes of the National Government. At first thought the act would seem to be unconstitutional, but it is not so for the reason that it does not forbid contracts being made payable in gold, nor does it attach any penalty for such contract; it merely says that the state shall not be used to enforce any such contracts, and for the reason that such contracts are in violation of the declared national policy. The act does not relate to contracts in existence, and contracts made after it becomes a law are made under and subject to its provisions.

We understand that the call upon Mr. Milliken for copies of his pamphlet has been so great as to exhaust a first edition of 1000 copies. He has been obliged to make use of one reply to the many favorable notices of his publication, which says:

Your kind words will assist "to stay up my hands" in this mighty warfare that I have entered upon, that *the truth* may prevail, and I say to you, as to all others believing with you, I sincerely thank you; and for your approbation of my publication, "Law, and Legal-Tender Money," I also thank you.

Through false teachings and false doctrines our beloved country bleeds at every pore, and the laborer toils with a broken heart thereby.

NEW REGISTRATION LAW.

TO PREVENT FRAUD, COLONIZATION AND THE CARELESSNESS OF ASSESSORS,

The bill changing the time and manner of registering voters and the duties of registry assessors has been aproved by the Governor, and the County Commissioners throughout the State have been notified thereof by Secretary Harrity. The registration for this year's elections are to be made under the provisions of the new act which amends the act of 1874.

The new act requires the Assessor to visit in person each and every dwelling house in his election district or division on the first Mondays of May and December of each year, or as soon thereafter as practicable. It is intended to prohibit the Assessor from taking up the transcript or list of voters of the previous assessment. An entirely new registration is to be made. The Assessor is not to assess any person until after careful inquiry of the voter himself or of some resident of the election district or division.

In all cases the Assessor is obliged to enter into his book, opposite the name of each voter, the name and residence of the person who shall furnish information as to the residence and qualification of each voter who is assessed. The blank books to be furnished the Assessor by the County Commissioners should be ruled for spaces for the name, residence and occupation of the voter, the date of the assessment, the name of the employer, with whom boarding, and the address of known residents of election division who furnished information as to qualification of voters. Any Assessor who shall knowingly assess any person as a voter who is not qualified, or shall willfully refuse to assess anyone who is qualfied, is liable to imprisonment for two years and a fine not exceeding $1,000.

NIGHT.

Come with thine unveiled words, O truth of night,
Come with thy calm. Adown the shallow day,
Whose splendors hid the vaster world away,
I wandered on this little plot of light,
A dreamer among dreamers. Veiled or bright,
Whether the gold shower roofed me or the gray,
I strove and fretted at life's feverish play,
And dreamed until the dream seemed infinite.

But now the gateway of the all unbars;
The passions and the cares that beat so shrill,
The giants of this petty world, disband;
On the great threshold of the night I stand,
Once more a soul self-cognizant and still,
Among the wheeling multitude of stars.

—[Archibald Lampman, in Scribner.

Called Back.

In the summer of 1877, a dusty, tired looking party of horsemen, 40 in number, were wending their way over the rolling prairie land of western Nebraska. In the lead and to the rear rode a detachment of Uncle Sam's blue coated soldiers, commanded by a bearded captain whose experience on the frontier had made his name well known. In the midst, carefully guarded, were a half dozen Cheyenne Indians, and following them came ten citizens whose garb betokened them to be settlers of the plain, and whose jaded horses showed that they had been hard ridden.

The soldiers were jubilant over their capture, the Indians were stolidly indifferent, while the plainsmen wore sullen countenances which brooded no good for the red prisoners. The Indians were a portion of a raiding party that two days before had attacked outlying settlements and massacred several entire families. The citizens were a party that had been formed to follow the Indians and avenge their outrage, and that morning they had surrounded their foe and were bent on their annihilation, when the troopers had suddenly come upon the scene, and to the disgust of the settlers captured the whole party, and thus robbed them of their revenge.

An hour later a camp was selected by the side of a clear stream which coursed over a white sandy bottom. One of the citizens who had not dismounted rode up to the group of Indians and addressed a wrinkled buck whose hard countenance clearly bespoke his bloodthirsty nature.

"What's that on your shirt, Injun?" he asked.

The Indian, seeing he was attracting notice, proudly straightened himself. Fastened to the redskin's much befringed and beaded deerskin shirt were three scalps, all from the fair heads of little children, and one of them a yellow curl of a baby. Quick as thought the white man's pistol came from the holster on his saddle, and—crack! The redskin fell forward with a bullet between his eyes.

In another moment the avenged settler was speeding across the prairie and the commanding officer had ordered a detail of his men to capture him. As they mounted and started in pursuit one of the plainsmen said:

"Captain, that hair tied to that 'ar Injun belonged to his little uns' heads."

"Sound the recall," said the captain to his trumpeter.

Diseased Perceptions.

An American physician, eminent as a specialist in nervous diseases, has said that a certain kind of insanity is frequently preceded by what may be called a mania of the sense of smell.

The patient is tormented by certain imaginary odors, generally of a foul and offensive character. One man detected the scent of decaying bananas wherever he went; another was haunted by the odor of the smallpox ward of a hospital in which he had been a physician. A rose, the salt sea air, the most dainty and pure things all gave out to his diseased nerves only this sickly, poisonous odor.

The victims of this peculiar hallucination can not be convinced that the offensive odor does not exist.

They insist that it is there, but that the perceptive faculties of other men and women are too blunt to detect it.

There is another hallucination very like to this, and much more common and better known. It is that of certain well meaning people who have a sleuth hound scent for detecting bad motives and purposes in every human being whom they meet.

If their friend is gay and talkative, he is, in their opinion, shallow and frothy; if he is reticent, he is grim and morose. If he is cold in his manner, he is ungrateful, while if he professes friendship to them, he is false and tricky.

In the least action they find some sinister motive; the most honorable man is, to their keen sense, a rogue; the best woman is deceitful and not to be trusted.

Unfortunately, too, this diseased moral sense is contagious. One suspicious, uncharitable man or woman will taint a whole school or family, or even a church, with evil doubts.

Lunatics of the first class are much to be pitied; but surely it is better to go through life haunted by the smell of decaying bananas than by the imaginary presence of vice in the innocent people around us.

It Was Granted.

A citizen of Brush street was called to his door at 10 o'clock the other evening by a stranger, who inquired:

"Is your name ——?"

"Yes, sir."

"You were down in the Buhl Block this forenoon?"

"I was."

"In coming down stairs you ran against a man?"

"I remember now that such a thing happened."

"Well, I am the man."

"Yes."

"You begged my pardon."

"Very likely."

"I was somewhat confused and did not reply. I have now called to say that you were perfectly excusable, and that my pardon is granted."

"You—you ——!"

"Perfectly excusable—don't mention it—good night!"

And he stalked off in the darkness, leaving the householder too mad to even rip and tear.—[Detroit Free Press.

THE BIRTH OF TOMBSTONE.

How the Arizona Town Came to Get Its Extraordinary Name.

When the late Mathew Arnold was in this country he took exceptions, among other things, to the names of our cities. So did Historian Froude. They said we went to the classics and outraged history for cognomens to designate dugouts and "boom" towns. Their cultured souls were affected.

But they never heard of Tombstone, Arizona. That is an American name. The effete cast would never have thought of such an appropriation. How did it come by the funereal title? This is a question that is asked almost every time the town is mentioned and but few are able to answer.

Conjectures, and they are many, are put to rest under a tombstone, it might be said, by the aid of Mr. C. C. Warner, of the Contention mine, Tombstone, who agreed to relate to a reporter yesterday how it received its Western name. Mr. Warner has been in Tombstone almost since its inception and passed through Denver yesterday on his return from Canon City.

"It's quite as simple and natural as the name is strange and queer how it received its christening," he said. "There were two brothers—one, and probably both, living yet—by the name of Al. and Ed. Scheflien. (You will observe that there is a connection between the names and the town—shuffling off the mortal coil and then the Tombstone.) Well, it's not often that I perpetrate a joke, but this Colorado air makes a fellow do many strange things. But I am wandering. The Schefliens were, of course, prospectors, and kept hanging about there for some time without doing much. The Apache Indians were around pretty thick. Finally one day Ed. Scheflien prepared to start out on a prospecting tour up the gulch. His brother tried to persuade him to abandon his project, pointing out that the Indians would devour him or that he would get lost in the ravine; but all to no purpose. Just as he was about to start he told his brother to look after a piece of rock that he had found near the camp.

"'Yes, I will use it for your tombstone,' said Al. sadly, and away went the more go ahead brother.

"Time passed, but there were no tidings of the foolhardy brother. Weeks went and he did not put in an appearance. The brother, true to his promise, proceeded to carve in rude letters in the quartz rock an inscription which ran:

SACRED TO THE MEMORY
OF
ED. SCHEFLIEN.
He went prospecting to a
new country.

"The brother was sorry for the loss, but then he had warned him and it could not be helped. The Indians had scalped him.

"About a week after he had finished his job and put it in front of the tent, in jumped the brother, wild looking, but beaming with joy.

"'Shake, old man, I have found it,' he said to the stay at home; 'it's lying all around.' He then began to empty his pockets of the glittering quartz that he had taken to prove his statement. And it was so.

"Away up in the gulch he had found one of the richest mining grounds in the territory. But he was always a peculiar cuss, this Ed. He and his brother and a man named Gurd started out for the place with supplies and tools. He named this mine the Tombstone because he had found it pretty hard after he had discovered it. There were times when he would have sold it for a drink of water. The next one they discovered they called the Goodenough mine. When they came to the next one they had a little falling out, and he named it the Contention. The latter is the one I am interested in. These were all disposed of by him for a handsome sum. And he is now a three times millionaire.

"The tombstone is one of his choicest relics, and he would not part with it for its weight in gold. Many attempts have been made to change the town by 'boomers,' who argue that the strange and gruesome title keeps out Eastern capital, and by the new comers. Legislators have been elected pledged to introduce a bill for that purpose, but Ed. with his money is always on hand to oppose it."—[Denver Republican.

An Old New Orleans Custom.

If you have plenty time to loaf and observe everything that passes before your gaze you will notice on nearly every post in the French quarters there are little handbills tacked up and bearing the heading "Decede." Beneath this there is additional printing, all, however, in French. These are death notices, which seemed to be used instead of the newspapers to announce the invincible hand of atra Mors. They state the hour of the funeral, etc., and the name of the deceased. As a general thing these notices are tacked up all over the French section in an hour after the person has died. I noticed several upon which the printers' ink had scarcely dried, and which announced the demise of some unfortunate which had taken place only a few minutes before.

Gray Hair Coming in Style.

There is a rumor that in the coming season gray hair will be de rigueur for those desirous of treading closely in the footsteps of fashion. Black, red, and gold are to be entirely superseded by the grizzly shade, and hair restorers which, being absolutely colorless, undertake to "restore" the natural shade of fading tresses will for the time be things of the past. I find, however, that this report is not looked on with favor by hairdressers, who, in spite of the fact that powdered hair usually lends beauty to the plainest face, declare that gray locks are particularly unbecoming.—[Paris Letter to Philadelphia Telegraph.

After we have called a man a fool it always pleases us to have him get mad and prove it.—[Binghamton Republican.

SUPERNATURAL STORIES.

IN WHICH ARE RELATED SOME TRUE STORIES OF STRANGE EVENTS.

As long ago as 1876 a story was published in the *Galaxy Magazine* called "Aut Diabolu, aut Nihil." About two years ago a somewhat enlarged version of the same tale with the same title appeared in *Blackwood's Magazine* in London. Whether the second version was a clean steal, or whether the author of the first himself rewrote and republished it, I do not know; at any rate it was an uncommonly good story.

The gist of it was that a company of young men of birth and education in Paris were in the habit of assembling periodically for a certain mysterious purpose. An outsider having secretly obtained admission, saw from his place of concealment, behind a curtain, a handsome square room with a bare, polished floor and without furniture, brilliantly lighted by gas jets along the cornices. The company of young men in evening dress stood around the room in a circle, with hands joined, and chanted some sort of an incantation. As it proceeded a species of excitement was infused into them—an electric sympathy of will and definite purpose. The chant grew more intense. At length they prostrated themselves and, bending forward, kissed the polished floor simultaneously. Whereupon the onlooker became aware that another figure was standing in the center of the circle. He was very tall, of stately figure, clad, like the rest of the company, in full dress; his hair was black and crisp, and his countenance refined, polished, and haughty. He glanced down at his worshipers with an expression of condescension, of scorn, of satanic composure, such as could belong only to His Diabolic Majesty himself, until the profound, fastidious wickedness of the whole performance drew an involuntary exclamation from the observer; the lights went out; in the pitchy darkness he felt himself seized and hurried away, and by a fortunate accident he lived to tell the tale.

This, I say, is an excellent story; but it might conceivably be true. The conjuring up of spirits is an ancient practice. Let a number of persons, animated by a consensus of purpose and desire, meet together, arrange themselves in symbolic order and attitude, and stimulate and intensify their common object by harmonizing words and gestures—and they will presently work themselves and one another up to a pitch of expectant attention, the effect whereof upon their minds and senses it would not be easy to exaggerate. The apparition evoked by the young Parisians was nothing less than the essence of their combined conception of the Eni Principle. The figure resembled them much as the "composite photographs" lately in vogue unite the prevailing traits of the contributing individuals into a derivative of them all; it would have been strange if an objective result had not been obtained. We may say, of course, that the result, while seeming to be objective, was in fact subjective; but what, after all, is a spirit?

Confident anticipation and concerted action are all that is necessary to raise the devil, or any other specter. To the same order of phenomena belong the "manipulation" of spiritualism. In spiritualistic circles the table becomes the medium of sympathy or magnetic communion between the persons who sit around it. I have been amused by the efforts of sceptical persons to prove that "table tipping" is the result of prank or of unconscious muscular action on the part of the sitters. "I believe in God Almighty," said one gentleman to me quite seriously, "and I know he wouldn't come down here to work any such nonsense!" Neither, I suppose, would he, through the medium of ruffians, murder innocent people; or cause any other iniquitous or ridiculous act; nevertheless, the world is full of folly and iniquity. The gentleman's statement had no application to the matter in hand. The table is moved, of course; but not by the pushing or pulling of hands and feet. The alternative to physical hands and feet is not, however, necessarily spirits. For my own part, though I have no particular objection to the spirit theory, it seems to me gratuitous. If the force must have a name, the old one of animal magnetism suits me as well as any. I don't know what it means; but it seems to point to living human beings as the source of the phenomena, and that is satisfactory as far as it goes.

Who the genius was who invented the little table on wheels, with a pencil on it, I have never heard. He deserves the thanks of the many people who have been entertained by the little instrument. A man of an inventive turn might doubtless greatly improve upon it. I first heard of planchette about 30 years ago; but the first one I possessed was made by my own hand out of a bit of a cigar box, in 1884. Summer visitors were staying with us, and there were half a dozen children always on hand. I expected to amuse them for an evening or two, but the fun lasted three or four months and was even renewed the following year.

The grand initial march is that planchette will move. When you first sit down to it, the idea seems so palpably absurd that it is with difficulty you compel yourself to remain in position. After ten minutes of silence and immobility, you are tempted to give the thing a second jerk on your own account, and you are morbidly suspicious of your partner in the transaction. All of a sudden planchette, with a faint preliminary crash, starts off and makes a long, swinging, sidelong movement, marked by the pencil with a straight dash. It takes you by surprise, and you know you are innocent in the matter; but you are convinced your partner is guilty. He meets your glance, and you see in his eyes his own corresponding conviction regarding you. No, you are both alike blameless. But then, what made planchette move?

I confess this question interests me more than any ghost story I ever heard. A more curious sensation than this movement beneath your hand of a thing which is not alive, and which you are not yourself propelling, is seldom experienced by mortal man. We see iron filings move about the poles of a magnet, or bits of paper flutter to a piece of rubbed ceiling wax, but this is different, for planchette moves in no fixed direction toward a certain objective point, but in all directions impartially; and moreover, it moves intelligently. It writes, draws, and does other things which I shall presently describe. Barring certain habits that it falls into, its manifestations certainly contradict expectation; it does not do what some think it is going to do. In vain you ask it a question which seems to necessitate a particular answer; planchette replies from quite another standpoint and current of thought, and its reply is a surprise. In pursuance of the theory of "unconscious centration," you explore your mind and memory for the source of planchette's remarks, with no satisfactory results. Besides, admitting that the contents of your memory and the springs of your character lie open to planchette, to make therefrom such selections and combinations as it chooses—how does it do it? How do the contents of your mind get into the piece of tobacco box, and how does it contrive to write them out?

I have spoken of the attraction of a magnet. If you hold a small piece of iron close to a strong magnet you feel a slight pull. The pull the planchette gives to your fingers, when it proceeds on its peregrinations, is very similar to this. But, in writing out a word, it pulls in a dozen different directions within the space of a few seconds. The effect is not like that of a machine, however complex, or of a body obeying fixed and inevitable laws, but of an independent personality, endowed with intelligence, purpose, and memory. For it remembers what it has said and done in the past, and knows what is is about to do. Our planchette, in answer to questions suggested by its own answers, related to us, in daily installments extending over three weeks, a long story comprising upward of 10,000 words. It was so good a story that it was afterward accepted and published by a leading periodical, word for word as it was originally written down, and from beginning to end there was not an inconsistency. Nor was it all written through the mediumship of one pair of people; a dozen different couples, at different times, sat down to the work, and the tale proceeded uninterruptedly. In short, the complete story must have been stored up in planchette's "mind" before it began to write it.

After we have become accustomed to the thing and familiar with its ways many queer peculiarities are noticed. Planchette has no morality and no regard for truth. If we ask it a question as to a matter of fact or about the future, its reply is always ready and generally very explicit, but never true save by accident. By far the best method is to let it take the lead in the conversation. "Will you write, Planchette?" "Yes." "Well, who is writing?" "John Smith" (or any other imaginary person). You now proceed to question the said John Smith on any imaginable detail of his person, his life, death, occupation, desires, recollections, purposes, and sentiments. By and by John becomes a human and recognized individual to you, and you are even able to tell, by the preliminary sensation in the nerves, whether it is John or some one else who is about to write the next sentence. Planchette never confesses its own dramatis personæ.

Sometimes three or four different persons (to call them that) will each write a sentence one after another, but the sentences are all characteristic in style and conception. Occasionally I have seen two communicants contend for the possession of planchette, jerking it away from each other, tripping up each other's writing—fighting, in a word, like two angry children, and in one instance breaking the pencil in their struggle. Planchette often betrays faults of temper, vanity, mirth, cynicism, scorn—all manner of human foibles. "Tell Mary," it once suddenly wrote, breaking in upon some yarn it was spinning, "that she had better shut up. Now Mary did not have her hands on planchette, but she was sitting at the table, distracting our attention by making frivolous remarks. Planchette always wants the whole attention of everybody in sight, and is apt to grow sulky or abusive if this is not accorded.

It only does its best work, in fact, when the general interest and curiosity of the spectators is at its height. We also found that, other things being equal, it wrote better on a warm day than on a cold one, and that the hands of those who are working it should be warm. The best wood to make it out of was of the resinous varieties. The proper shape was that of the heart (on a playing card) and the dimensions 7 inches by 5. Wheels are not necessary on the legs; it writes more steadily without them.

It will do other things besides write. Let some one hide an object—say a key or a glove—somewhere in the room and let two others who don't know where it is hidden take up a planchette and let it rest on their right and left hands respectively, the forefinger hooked on the legs of the instrument. Now tell it to find the object and you will immediately find a slight pressure of the legs against your fingers, indicating the direction in which planchette wishes to go. You step in this direction, carefully heeding and obeying the pressure. Sometimes there will also be an upward and downward pressure. Thus you will be led all around the room, and in three cases out of five perhaps the object will be found.

If one take it outdoors it will act like the witchhazel of tradition; it will dip very perceptibly in passing over certain places. Whether underneath these places there was water or gore I never made investigation, but the movement was always repeated at the same spot. Planchette will perform such feats, however, only after it has become thoroughly domesticated, so to say; and of course one of the persons handling the instrument must be a "medium"—whatever that may mean. About one person in five, according to my observation, has more or less of this faculty, and one out of twenty will have it in a marked degree.

JULIAN HAWTHORNE.

"This is a tropical climb," said the monkey as he started after the cocoanut.—[Washington Post.

MAN AND WIFE ARE TWO.

JUDGE ARNOLD SHATTERS THE OLD MARRIAGE LAW.

A Decision of Interest—The Man and Woman Are United, but They Are Not Welded as of Old—An American Decision Similar to English Procedure.

If the opinion of Judge Arnold, of the court of common pleas No. 4 of Pennsylvania, is correct, the old idea that man and wife are one is likely to be overthrown in our jurisprudence. In an opinion just handed down the judge, in treating upon the rights existing between husband and wife under the marriage law, takes occasion to distinctly throw down the old idea in the following words:

"The plaintiff claims witness' fees for his wife, the defendant objects; and hence the appeal. The question is new, because the law admitting husband and wife to testify for but not against each other is new. But in the few cases in which a party may be excluded from testifying his wife is also excluded. This is not because of any supposed unity of husband and wife, for it is manifest that as witnesses they are two in number, but because of their identity of interest and the policy of the law. A husband joined for conformity in a suit by his wife prior to the married person's property act of June 3, 1887, can not recover witness' fees, because he is a party. No one who is a party can have witness' fees, whether he has an interest in the suit or not.

"The law now regards the unity of husband and wife as an obsolete legal fiction, and it has accommodated itself to that fact. The old rule of law that on a gift to a man and his wife and a third person, the man and wife together took only half the property, and the third person took the other half, is abolished by the modern legislation in regard to married persons. Each takes a third now. Statute laws recognize that husband and wife are two persons in substantial matters. The act of June 3, 1887, recognizes the customs and habits of the people, and declares these customs to be lawful. The common law was the customary law of the people, declared by the judges. It was the best statesmanship, the faculty to observe what was needed and then to grant it.

"There was a time when husband and wife were one in the eye of the law. The husband on marriage took all his wife's horses, cattle, sheep, and oxen. He could chastise her—moderately, say the books—but if he does it now he will be punished as a wife beater. A wife was a helpmate indeed. She spun yarn, wove cloth, made frocks and breeches, and was generally merged into her husband's pocket, if not into his person. Women who bring out the spinning wheels of their ancestors, or buy them if they have them not, exhibit a badge of woman's bondage. Now husband and wife wear clothes made and bought in stores. In olden time there were no bazaars and grand depots and establishments of smaller size in which all that is worn by man or woman can be bought.

"Formerly married women were under an actual disability to buy goods and make contracts; now they are not, except that the law of this State, in its transition state, still puts the burden on the storekeeper to prove and for judges and juries to decide that the articles sold by him to women were necessary for her, overlooking the fact that the best judge of what is necessary for a woman, sound in mind, body and estate, is herself. Her disability in this respect is changed into a privilege to get and keep all she can, with an immunity from liability except for necessaries. The next legislation will change this, no doubt, as it has been changed in England and nearly all the States.

"As there is no policy of law violated by allowing witness fees to a wife in a suit by her husband if she is a material witness, we think the allowance of her fees by the Prothonotary is proper in this case. Whether she was a material witness is a question for the taxing officer to determine. The affidavit of a party that a witness is material is not conclusive, but it may be overcome by proof. The materiality of testimony is always open to inquiry. Appeal dismissed."

Gladstone Wisdom.

Here is a message from Mr. Gladstone to young men: "Be sure that every one of you has his place and vocation on this earth, and that it rests with you to find it. Do not believe those who too lightly say nothing succeeds like success. Effort—honest, manful, humble effort—succeeds by its reflected action, especially in youth, better than success; which, indeed, too easily won and too early gained, not seldom serves, like winning the first throw of the dice, to blind and stupefy. Be thorough in all you do. Work onward and work upward, and may the blessing of the Most High soothe your cares, clear your vision, and crown your labors."

A New Æsop Fable.

A chicken only a few days old found an earth worm—fat, crinkly, and shining, and much longer than himself. After spending a long time and tiring himself all out in running about to find a corner where he could enjoy his prize alone, but continually tripped up by stepping upon his wriggling victim, he at last stepped upon it once too often, broke it in two, and had the greater part of it snapped up by another chicken. Hæc fabula docet—a reasonable amount of wealth is better than too much.

The artistic and fashionable Mme. Lierre (Lady Granville), dressmaker and milliner, of London, thus speaks of her American patrons: "They are easy to please, pay their bills promptly, and never dispute prices; in short, they are my best customers."

Oscar Wild has not abandoned esthetic cism entirely, it seems, as he dines now in a white room with a shelf upon the wall and no furniture except the table and chairs, while the drawing room has settees with high white backs and sage green cushions.

AN ORTHOGRAPHIC SNAP.

Making Pretty Fair Wages Out of a Wrinkle Not Everybody Knows.

"How do you spell 'choir'?" inquired a short, pudgy drummer as he sat at a table in the writing room of the Weddell House in Cleveland a few weeks ago. There were a dozen men busily writing at the same table and as many more who were reading newspapers. The abruptness of the question caused the writers to pause in their work, for the question apparently had not been addressed to any particular individual. The speaker reflectively nibbled the end of a pen holder while waiting for a reply.

A gentleman on the opposite side of the table finally blurted out: "What kind of a 'choir' do you mean?"

"Why, a lot of singers in a church, you know. A church 'choir.'"

"Q—u—i—r—e."

"Thank you."

The drummer again dipped his pen in ink preparatory to resuming his letter writing. The other gentlemen could scarcely conceal their mirth. Again the writer paused to say, half apologetically: "Blamed if I could tell how to spell it. Seemed to me it ought to be spelled with a 'c.' I was going to write it 'choir.'"

This was too much for the gravity of the crowd, and after a hearty laugh one of the gentlemen said: "Well, if I were in your place I'd spell it that way now, I think."

"Well, I thought I could hardly be mistaken about it," said the puzzled speller.

Meanwhile the gentleman who had so kindly volunteered to spell the word became very nervous and seemed inclined to get angry.

"There are different ways to spell the word 'choir'," he said, "and it makes all the difference in the world whether you are trying to spell the name of a body of singers in a church or a certain quantity of paper. If you mean a company of church singers it is 'q-u-i-r-e,' but if a quantity of paper——"

"Well, hardly," remarked a flashily dressed New York drummer, laying down his pen. "You will pardon me, my friend, but you're wrong. You've got the two words mixed. 'Q-u-i-r-e' spells a paper quire, and 'c-h-o-i-r' spells a church choir."

"Not by a long shot," stoutly insisted the speller. 'Q-u-i-r-e' spells a church choir—or it used to do it when I went to school—and I've got money right here in my clothes which says that it spells it now."

The speaker was decidedly angry, while the rest of the crowd were rather amused at his discomfiture.

"Oh, well," remarked the New Yorker airily, "it isn't worth while quarreling about any way, especially since it can be settled so easily. If you are so sure that 'q-u-i-r-e' spells choir, suppose you back up your belief by a little wager—say the cigars for the crowd—and we'll look in the dictionary over yonder and end the controversy."

"I'm agreed," was the hot rejoinder; "or I'll bet you $5 or $10 or $25 that I'm right, and prove it by Webster's Unabridged Dictionary in ten seconds." As he spoke he pulled out a roll of bills, and the New Yorker quietly laid a $20 bill on the table, which was promptly covered.

The dictionary was brought forward. The Gotham drummer opened the big book and smiled like a man who knows a "sure thing" in sight as he turned to the word "quire" and commenced reading the definition—"a body of singers in a church. See choir."

The silence that fell upon that room was unrelieved save by the rustle of a $20 bill as it was quietly folded and stowed away in the speller's pocket.

* * * * * *

A week later, as I was enjoying a cigar in the lobby of the Riggs House at Indianapolis I was startled by hearing a familiar voice exclaim: "How do you spell choir?" Glancing hastily around I was surprised to see at one of the writing tables the identical gentleman whose ignorance had caused such a commotion at Cleveland concerning that very word. Looking closer I was equally surprised to find near him the benevolent gentleman who had kindly volunteered to spell the word for him at Cleveland and who gained $20 by doing so. Approaching the scene of battle I took a seat where I could observe the subsequent proceedings, and within one minute the Cleveland performance had been duplicated, the speller pocketing $25 this time as the result of his acumen.

Accosting the winner, I said quietly: "I see that you spell 'choir' now in just the same way that you did the other day at Cleveland."

"Yes," he replied, "that's a pretty good way to spell it anywhere. It has netted my partner here and me about $50 a day for the last two months. It works nine times out of ten, and we take no risks, you see. It is the best snap I ever struck and I used to work with some of the slickest boys in the country, too.

"But," he added confidentially, "if you ever try it you'd better keep both eyes open, or you'll miss connection with the dictionary. You can find 'choir' spelled and defined under the word 'quire' in 'Webster's unabridged' only. Even Webster had an edition of 1891 called the 'International Unabridged,' which reads 'quire—see choir,' without giving any definition."

Pins With Solid Heads.

The first solid head pin was made in 1824, in England, by Lemuel W. Wright, an American. In 1832 Dr. John I. Howe a Connecticut man, invented a machine for making solid head pins. It was the first successful machine, and completed the pin by a single process. The old head was soldered on to the shank of the pin.

Magnetic Rocks.

A remarkable instance of local magnetic disturbance, due to the presence of magnetic rocks, was observed near Cossack, northwest Australia, where a steady deflection of the compass of 30 degrees was recorded.

A New Fad Among Brides.

A new idea for a bride's trousseau is to have the underlinen ornamented with a monogram in a fac simile of her own handwriting.

In Kind Remembrance.

A friend writes us as follows: On Saturday, May 23rd, there passed from this earth the spirit of Mrs. Oscar Holt, the wife of a son of Hon. J. H. Holt, and a resident of Burnside township. Mrs. Holt was a daughter of the late Capt. White and was very much esteemed by all who knew her. Her patience, unselfishness and thoughtfulness for others even on her death bed were exemplary. Her funeral occured on Monday and was very largely attended, many being present from a long distance. Had she lived until the 23rd of June she would have been thirty-five years of age. She leaves a family of four boys and a baby girl, with her husband to mourn their loss.

For many years Mrs. Holt was a member of the M. E. church, in which she was always active. On her death bed she requested that the friends and neighbors be thanked for their many kindnesses. The words of St. John in Revelation are appropriate to her: "Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord. Even so, saith the spirit, for they rest from their labors."

Terrorized by Desperadoes.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., May 28—During the past three months a band of desperadoes, who have an apparently safe rendezvous in the mountains between Huntington and Centre counties, have annoyed the Strauss Creek Valley. Invasions have been made almost nightly on the farmers and much valuable property stolen. Where the intruders fail to find anything valuable of a portable nature they vent their spleen in multilating horses and cattle, and in a number of instances these have been stolen. The farmers and others in the infested section manifest a reluctance to openly run down the band, but all have fortified themselves with arms and ammunition. The marauders are believed to be also engaged in making moonshine whiskey, which is transported to obscure sections of his and adjoining counties. Three honses were plundered near *Mas*seysburg on *Mo*nday night the heaviest loser being William McAlevy. The county authorities are preparig to break up the gang.

Mountain Ealge Items

The carp pond at this place is causing lots of excitemet.

Mr. James Smeltzer is very much rejoiced over the arrival of a son at his home.

Mrs. Hartzog, of this place, has departed for Virginia where she expects to make her future home.

A. C. Wheeler, after a long spell of illness, is again able to be around.

Mr. Martin Haines, of Gazzam, was visiting his relatives and many friends at Mountain Eagle on Monday and Tuesday.

E. E. Heverly and daughter departed on Wednesday for New York where they have gone to visit friends and relatives. REX.

Millheim Murmurings

Some very nice flowers can be seen on south Penn street at the residences of A. J. Harter, C. W. Hartman and Andrew Immel.

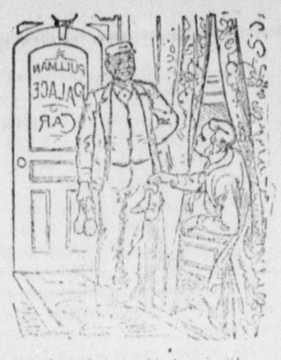
Garden making is almost over in this place, being about two weeks earlier than usual.

Mr. John Breon has just completed a new barn. Next summer he intends building a new house.

The funeral of Mr. Lewis Snook occurred on Sunday morning, *May* 24th. Mr. Snook was a farmer and his death was caused by typhoid fever after an illness of only two weeks.

At this season of the year when malaria lurks in the air, and bad colds not an unfrequent visitor, we long for a quick and effective remedy. There is scarcely a home without a sufferer from some of the many ills the flesh is heir to. A stimulant is after the intermediator. It is quick and effective. It brings relief and saves doctors bills. We can reccommend Mr. Max Klein for anything in the liquor line. His silver age Rye at $1.50 per quart is the best whiskey in the market. He will sell any Pennsylvania Rye Whiskey six years old, at 1.00 for each quart or six for $5.00. Send for his price list and catalogue and mention this paper. Address MAX KLEIN, 82 Federal st., Allegheny, Pa.

—Sunday's Philadelphia *Press* contains quite a review of the Johnstown disaster two years ago, and a history of its career since that time.



Porter, the shoe man, thickened with

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Stamps the world over, and they will be [illegible] with it for four quarter [illegible] Stable [illegible] the world. [illegible]

WILL STAIN OLD AND NEW FURNITURE
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WILL STAIN YOUR OLD FASHIONED
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The Most Successful Remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. Read proof below:

BROOKLYN, CONN., May 5, '90.
DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.:
Sirs:—Last Summer I cured a Curb upon my horse with your celebrated Kendall's Spavin Cure and it was the best job I ever saw done. I have a dozen empty bottles, having used it with perfect success, curing every thing I tried it on. My neighbor had a horse with a very bad Spavin that made him lame. He asked me how to cure it. I recommended Kendall's Spavin Cure. He cured the Spavin in just three weeks.
Yours respectfully, WOLCOTT WITTER.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, April 4, '90.
DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.:
Dear Sirs:—I have been selling more of Kendall's Spavin Cure and Flint's Condition Powders than ever before. One man said to me, it was the best Powder I ever kept and the best he ever used.
Respectfully, OTTO L. HOFFMAN.

CHITTENANGO, N. Y., May 19, '90.
DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.,
Dear Sirs:—I have used several bottles of your Kendall's Spavin Cure with perfect success, on a valuable and blooded mare that was quite lame with a Bone Spavin. The mare is now entirely free from lameness and shows *no bunch on the joint.*
Respectfully, F. H. HUTCHINS.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., MONROE, La., May 8, '90.
Gents:—I think it my duty to render you my thanks for your far famed Kendall's Spavin Cure. I had a four year old filly which I prized very highly. She had a very severe swollen leg. I tried about eight different kinds of medicines which did no good. I purchased a bottle of your Kendall's Spavin Cure which cured her in four days.
I remain yours, MARION DOWDEN.

Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. All druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors. DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vermont.

DEAFNESS & HEAD NOISES CURED by Peck's INVISIBLE TUBULAR EAR CUSHIONS. Whispers heard. Comfortable. Successful where all Remedies fail. Sold by F. HISCOX, only, 853 Br'dway, New York. Write for book of proofs FREE.

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Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

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Use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Cough, Weak Lungs, Debility, Indigestion, Pain, Take in time. 50 cts.

HINDERCORNS. The only sure cure for Corns. Stops all pain. 15c. at Druggists, or HISCOX & CO., N. Y.

AGENTS make 100 PER CENT. net on my Corsets, Belts, Brushes Curlers, & Medicine. Samples free. Write now. Dr. Bridgman, 371 Broadway, N. Y.

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Salary and Expenses paid, or Commission if preferred. Salesmen wanted everywhere. No experience needed. Address, stating age, The C. L. Van Dusen Nursery Co., Geneva, N. Y.

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Write for circulars, application, and terms to Secretaries. Address TRUST OF NICHOLAS, 1109 Spring Garden street, Philadelphia, Pa.

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Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address, Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

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Warranted the best Corn Dropper and most perfect Force-feed Fertilizer Distributor in the world. Send for Catalogue.
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SEND FOR LARGE ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.

Snug little fortunes have been made at work for us, by Anna Page, Austin, Texas, and Jno. Bonn, Toledo, Ohio. See ent. Others are doing as well. Why not you? Some earn over $500.00 a month. You can do the work and live at home, wherever you are. Even beginners are easily earning from $5 to $10 a day. All ages. We show you how and start you. Can work in spare time or all the time. Big money for workers. Failure unknown among them. NEW and wonderful. Particulars free.
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For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD, General and NERVOUS DEBILITY, Weakness of Body and Mind, Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young, Sente MANHOOD fully Restored. How to enlarge and strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS OF BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

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—Thousands have been cured.
DR. J. A. SHERMAN
of loss of time. Consultation free. Write or call.
Durable by others wanted.
CURE GUARANTEED.
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UNLIKE ANY OTHER
For INTERNAL and EXTERNAL use.
GENERATION AFTER GENERATION HAVE USED AND BLESSED IT.
SOOTHING-HEALING

Dropped on Sugar, Children Love It.

Every Traveler should have a bottle of it in his satchel.
Every Sufferer From Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Nervous Headache, Diphtheria, Coughs, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Lameness, Soreness in Body or Limbs, Stiff Joints or Strains, will find in this old Anodyne relief and speedy cure. Pamphlet free. Sold everywhere. Price 35 cts., by mail, 6 bottles, Express paid, $2. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

I took Cold,
I took Sick,
I TOOK
SCOTT'S EMULSION

RESULT:
I take My Meals,
I take My Rest,
AND I AM VIGOROUS ENOUGH TO TAKE ANYTHING I CAN LAY MY HANDS ON; getting fat too, FOR Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda NOT ONLY CURED MY Incipient Consumption BUT BUILT ME UP, AND IS NOW PUTTING
FLESH ON MY BONES
AT THE RATE OF A POUND A DAY. I TAKE IT JUST AS EASILY AS I DO MILK." SUCH TESTIMONY IS NOTHING NEW. SCOTT'S EMULSION IS DOING WONDERS DAILY. TAKE NO OTHER.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels, even if they only cured

HEAD

while they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.
CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

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TOBACCO

This standard brand of plug tobacco is acknowledged to be the best chew and the largest piece for the money in the market. *Vinco tin tag on each lump.* Its extensive sale for many years has established its reputation. There is nothing better. Try it. For sale by dealers and grocers.

HIRES ROOT BEER THE GREAT HEALTH DRINK.

Package makes 5 gallons. Delicious, refreshing, appetizing. Sold by all dealers. A beautiful Picture Book and card sent FREE to any one sending 15 cents to the C. E. HIRES CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

Dr. Grosvenor's Bell-cap-sic PLASTER.

Gives quick relief from pain.

Rheumatism, neuralgia, pleurisy and lumbago cured at once. Genuine for sale by all Druggists.

POET AND PUBLISHER.

How Byron Announced His Approaching Marriage to John Murray.

There are some occasional flashes of humor in the dull history of the publishing house of John Murray, and one of these occurs where the story is told of Lord Byron's announcement of his forthcoming marriage. Murray had found a mine of profit in Byron and was constantly urging the poet to renewed efforts at composition. "Childe Harold" had been a tremendous success, and the other works that followed also sold largely, so that the publisher dreaded an interruption to Byron's writing spells.

"Can you keep a secret?" asked Byron of Murray one night when the latter called. "Certainly — positively — my wife's out of town," replied the publisher. "Then—I am going to be married," was the startling intelligence Byron conveyed. "The d——l! I shall have no poem this winter, then?" was all Murray could say for the moment.

After Byron left England in 1816, he corresponded pretty regularly with Murray, Moore giving most of the letters of the poet in the well known "Life," while Murray's replies are now published for the first time. There was considerable difficulty about the issuing of "Don Juan," Murray being afraid that the highly moral English public would have none of it. Finally he did get it out, but did not put his name on it, so when he afterward wanted to protect his copyright he found great difficulty in convincing the court of chancery that he was the original publisher and owner. He tried hard to get Byron to make some alterations, but the latter steadfastly refused.

Self Satisfied.

Schopenhauer, the great German philosopher, afforded one of the most remarkable examples of self complacency that has ever been known. His naive eulogiums on his own productions are almost beyond belief.

In writing to his publishers of his work, he says: "Its worth and importance are so great that I do not venture to express it, even toward you, because you could not believe me;" and he proceeds to quote a review "which speaks of me with the highest praise, as the greatest philosopher of the age, which is really saying much less than the good man thinks."

"Sir," he said to an unoffending stranger who watched him across a table d'hote, where he acted the part of a local "lion" habitually, "Sir, you are evidently astonished at my appetite. True, I eat three times as much as you, but then I have three times as much mind!"

Auerbach, the German novelist, also had a great appreciation of his own powers and work, and many stories are told of the obtrusive way in which he displayed his vanity. A German writer says of him:

"Every year Auerbach visits three or four fashionable watering places, at each of which the following episode occurs at least thirty times. The novelist indulges in small talk with the little children of the natives, and invariably ends the conversation thus: 'Knowest thou who has been talking with thee? Berthold Auerbach! Tell that at home!'"

Solid Comfort at Last for Bald Heads.

The skin grafting physician of Reading, Dr. Ege, who has successfully demonstrated by practical tests that it is possible to turn a black man white, has made known his real object in conducting these experiments. The doctor does not think that there are any colored people in the world who would be foolish enough to submit to the skin engrafting torture in order to be classed with the white folks, but he does claim that thousands of bald headed people are willing and anxious to wear a genuine head of hair. This can be accomplished by the skin grafting process. Dr. Ege stoutly asserts that a bald head can be covered with scalp, teeming with healthy hair. He has several letters in his possession from persons anxious to undergo the operation.

The wonderful process opens up a world of possibilities. The sensitive red haired man could trade scalps with some black headed person who is anxious to get rid of a cowlick. Dame Fashion might decree that polka dot was the proper caper in hair and the new process would be a harbor for the ultra fashionable. Again, by utilizing the hide of a blue skye terrier the 4th of July orator could make an impression upon his hearers by wildly tearing out handfuls of red, white, and blue hair.—[Philadelphia Record.

Hunting Bears.

General E. F. Burton describes a novel method of catching bears practiced by the native hunters of India. Four or five sturdy men are armed, two with long spears, crossbarred on the handles close to the sharp two edged blades, and two or three with ten foot bamboos, of which the ends are smeared with bird lime.

Thus equipped, and leading several powerful dogs, the hunters sally out an hour or so before dawn and pass along the base of the hills with the fresh morning wind blowing up from the plains below.

If the hunters have luck, it is not long before the fierce dogs wind the bear, and though dogs of this species hunt as silent as death, their straining on the leash informs their masters that the shaggy game is nigh.

The dogs are slipped and disappear in the darkness, and soon the roaring and growling show that they have found the game. The hunters run up to the spot where the bear is fighting with the dogs.

The men with lime poles poke the bear in the ribs, and adroitly twist the ends in its long hair, thus holding it fast on either flank, and the spearmen complete the tragedy by repeated spear thrusts. It is said that a party of experienced men with good dogs never fail to secure the bear in this way.

See for yourself how 5/A Blankets wear and other makes tear.

FREE—Get from your dealer free, the 5/A Book. It has handsome pictures and valuable information about horses.

Two or three dollars for a 5/A Horse Blanket will make your horse worth more and eat less to keep warm.

Ask for { 5/A Five Mile / 5/A Boss Stable / 5/A Electric / 5/A Extra Test }

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5/A LAP DUSTERS
ARE THE BEST.
100 styles, prices to suit all.
WM. AYRES & SONS, PHILADELPHIA.
Sold by all dealers.

The greatest improvement in Corsets during the past twenty years is the use of Coraline in the place of horn or whalebone. It is used in all of Dr. Warner's Corsets and in *no others.*

The advantages of Coraline over horn or whalebone are that it does not become set like whalebone, and it is more flexible and more durable.

Dr. Warner's Coraline Corsets are made in twenty-four different styles, fitting every variety of figures—thin, medium, stout, long waists and short waists.

Sold everywhere.

WARNER BROS., Mfrs.,
New York and Chicago.

Rubber shoes unless worn a reasonably tight [illegible] will slip on the heel. [illegible]

THE "COLCHESTER" RUBBER CO.

[illegible] with [illegible] heel lined with [illegible] prevents the [illegible]

Call for the "Colchester".

"A LIFE GIVE COUNTERS."

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OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.
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MONEY [illegible] can be [illegible] at our NEW Rate of [illegible] quickly and [illegible], by those or either sex, young or old, and in their own localities, wherever they live. Any one can do the work. Easy to learn. We furnish everything. We start you. You risk. You can devote your spare moments, or all your time to the work. This is an entirely new lead, and brings wonderful success to every worker. Beginners are earning from $5 to $20 per week and upwards, and more after a little experience. We can furnish you the employment and teach you FREE. No space to explain here. Information FREE. TRUE & CO., AUGUSTA, [illegible]

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, CENTRE CO., PA.,

A Weekly Political and Family Journal

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REGULAR ADVERTISING RATES. Twenty cents a line for each insertion.

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ONE YEAR	$1.50
SIX MONTHS	75
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If paid Strictly in advance the REPUBLICAN and Philadelphia *Weekly Press* One Year. $1.50

COUNCIL'S DOINGS.

CONSIDERABLE BUSINESS OF IMPORTANCE TRANSACTED.

Council met as usual with six members present. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and adopted.

Mr. Ephriam Fisher was present and asked council to release an animal that had been taken up on Sunday by the High Constable and is now in durance vile in the Bellefonte pond. The animal was released on the payment of a fine of two dollars.

Hoover and Miller presented written request for privilege to place an oil tank in their coal yard, said tank to be made of iron and to be perfect ly fireproof. The matter was referred to Fire and police committee for investigation and report.

A petition was presented for a light on corner of Ridge street and Pike alley. Referred to street committee for investigation and report.

Mr. Cunningham presented bid for crossing from Brockerhoff House to first National Bank, pavement to be eight feet wide and solidly constructed on good bed, of Composite pavement, the price of which to be $125. Referred to street committee for investigation and report.

Street committee reported a few improvements on the street.

Water committee reported the foundation for the new pump completed, also shed at the water works. Also that water contracts for the ensuing year have been revised and bettered over the old ones of last year. Also the committee recommend exchanging water for use in the boilers of the electric light works in consideration for one electric arc light to be put up when council may elect. Council voted to accept the proposition. Also to accept proposition of the electric light company to place a new arc light at Curtin and Allegheny, move the one now hung at Allegheny and Linn to Ridge and Linn and put another new light at the east end of Linn street.

Market committee reported things in progress. $3.50 fees were collected during the past two weeks.

Finance committee reported ballance due treasurer of 4,835.50.

Fire and Police and Nuisance committee had no report to make.

The water committee recommended the purchase of the iron fence recently torn away from around the court house yard and put same up around the big spring. The water committee was instructed to purchase the fence, making best terms possible as to the payment thereof, etc.

Across the Deep, to the Far West,

On steamboats, cars and stage-coaches. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is carried as the most important item in the materia medica of the traveling public. It deprives vitiated, brackish water of its hurtful propertirs and execrable flaver, counteracts the pernicious effect upon the stomach of bad or indigestible food, remedies cramps, heartburn and wind upon the stomach. It is a fine defense against malarial disorders, nullifies the effect of excessive heat cold and damp, relieves sick-headache, and is an incomparable cure for costiveness and billiousness. The fatigue of travel often tells most disastrously upon invalids and convalescents, occasionally to such an extent as to jeopardize life. Person in feeble health. apprehensive of bad effect from travel, will, if provided with the Bitters, be far less likely to have their fears realized.

Bellefonte Will Celebrate.

The editors of the *Express* acknowledge the receipt of an invitation to attend Bellefonte's grand demonstration on the Fourth of July. The program will include a grand demonstration by the fire, military and civic organizations of that city and the surrounding towns. As the display promises to be a fine one, our regret is all the greater that previous engagements to remain at home and hurrah for the P. O. S. of A. will prevent the editoral force of this paper from going to Bellefonte. —L. H. *Express.*

SNOW SHOE SIFTINGS.

A BREEZY BUDGET FROM WAY UP ON THE MOUNTAINS.

The ice cream festival held under the auspices of the ladies of the M. E. church was much enjoyed, and netted a neat little sum of money notwithstanding the unfavorable weather.

Mr. Horace Patchen, of Burnside, accompanied by *Miss Millie McMurray*, who have for the last few days been the guests of Mrs. M. C. Nolan, took their departure on Tuesday morning.

Mrs. M. E. Pile, of Bellefonte, spent Monday and Tuesday of this week in our little mountain town.

Mr. W. Heinle one of Bellefonte's legal lights in company with a friend drove to Snow Shoe on Wednesday.

Mr. E. A. Austin is in Philadelphia this week.

Tuesday morning's train brought Mr. G. W. Howell, and wife of Atchison, Kan. to thecity of the "Shoe." *Mrs.* Howell will spend a few days with her aunt Mrs. Nolan. Mr. Howell took Tuesday evenings train for New York, Boston, Salem and other eastern cities. *Mr.* Howell is one of the lumber kings of the west.

Prof. Meyer, of Bellefonte, spent Tuesday and Wednesday in Snow Shoe.

Mr H. A. McKee and estimable wife of the firm of McKee and Brother of Bellefonte registered at the Mt. House on Wednesday.

Mr. Atwood and daughter of Lock Haven, accompanied by his pretty and attractive little grand daughter, Ethel Holloway, were guests at the Mt. House on Wednesday.

Capt. Bogart, one of Snow Shoe's most skillful sportsman, caught a fine lot of trout on Tuesday.

Dr. F. P. Glenn, of Altoona, who had the misfortune to break his leg last Friday evening is improving.

Miss Mary Spence, one of Milesburg's fair daughters, is visiting among her hosts of friends in this vicinity.

Miss *Mary* Kelly who was recently so ill in Philadelphia, is improving rapidly we are glad to say.

Rev. Cadle is entertaining friends from Altoona.

Mrs. Geo. Young, of Bellefonte, spent Sunday in Snow Shoe.

Judge Orvis was in town on Tuesday.

Mr. and *Mrs. Masters* of Clarence returned from Lock Haven on *Mon*day.

Mr. G. G. Rote of Clarence and J. J. Nolan of Snow Shoe spent Tueaday in Philipsburg, Teeth ached just at the right time to take them on Tuesday morning train.

Mrs. Dr. J. P. Glenn is in Snow Shoe, nursing her husband.

Prof. D. O. Etters held Examination in the Grammar School room on Tuesday.

Mrs. M. C. Nolan, the hostess of the ever popular *Mt.* House acompanied by the beautiful and accomplished Mrs. Howell, of Atchison, Kan, spent Thursday with Mrs. Davidson, of Thomas st., Bellefonte.

Mr. C. M. Dale one of Bellefonte's most brilliant legal lights was in Snow Shoe on Monday in the interests of one of his clients.

Mr. Robt. Foster, one of the most popular salesman on the road was in Snow Shoe on Wednesday.

One of the novelties of Snow Shoe is the new saw mill owned by our enterprising townsman, J. G. Uzzell.

Mrs. Thomas Maher, wife of the popular hotelist, of Karthaus is visiting friends in Bellefonte.

Miss. Edith Boak has returned from Hughsville where she has been for quite a while.

Grapes for Changeable Weather.

The effect of changeable weather on ladies of delicate constitutions is very depressing and serious, and something strengthening is needed to assist nature in withstanding the strain. Nothing more effective can be found than Speer's Port, Burgundy and Claret Wines, which are in general use in the New York and other hospitals. For sale by druggists.

—Every housekeeper in Bellefonte seems to have a mania for flowers this year, if one can judge from the abundance of plants being put out in every yard.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Footprints of The World's History

Ben Franklin once made the statement, "Schools teach us the rudiments of language, but books teach us how to think; therefore, no man is truly educated unless he is a reader of books." Ben was right, but he lived in an age when books were so scarce, comparatively speaking, that but little of the pernicious in literature was tolerated. But in these days it is different. Your boys thirst for a knowledge of the world, and if you don't give them some wholesome reading to slake that thirst. they will get hold of cheap, sensational stories that will poison their minds and do them terrible injure.

There is such a vast amount of this trashy stuff being poured into the market at the present time, that it is a relief to pick up a new book that is at once thrilling, romantic, wholesome, pure and true.

Such a work is "Footprints of the World's History," the latest and greatest work of the two celebrated historians, John Clark Ridpath and Wm S. Bryan. These distinguished gentlemen, having won their laurels by independent writers, have co-operated on this work and produce a gem" of the purest ray serene." It is not a dry, uninteresting statement of the plain facts, but rather each of the most important events of history has been taken up and described by a master of language, who holds the reader entranced as he wends his way along the path of history, following carefully in the footprints of progress.

We are delighted with this superb volume. Perfect in thought, superb in style, and magnificent in execution. The bindings are sumptuous, as are also the many illustrations, and colored plates. The Publishers have rightly concluded that such a gem should have a rich setting.

It is a valuable addition to literature. It is a book for the old as well as the young · the married as well as the single; the gay as well as the grave. Everybody will read it with equal eagerness and profit. It is sold only through agents, and the Publishers' advertisement appears in another column.

Consumption Surely Cured.

TO THE EDITOR:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above-named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their Express and P. O. address. Respectfully, T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

MANY years practice have given C. A Snow & Co., Solicitors of Patents, at Washington, D. C., unsurpassed success in obtaining patents for all classes of inventions. They make a specialty of rejected cases, and have secured the allowance of many patents that had been previously rejected. Their advertisement in another column will be of interest to inventors, patentees, manufacturers and all those who have anything to do with patents.

—The deliciously sweet Mock orange is now coming out in bloom.

Dyspepsia

Makes the lives of many people miserable, and often leads to self-destruction. Distress after eating, sour stomach, sick headache, heartburn, loss of appetite, a faint, "all gone" feeling, bad taste, coated tongue, and irregularity of the bowels, are some of the more common symptoms. Dyspepsia does not get well of itself. It requires careful, persistent attention, and a remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which acts gently, yet surely and efficiently. It tones the stomach and other organs, regulates the digestion, creates a good appetite, and by thus overcoming the local symptoms removes the sympathetic effects of the disease, banishes the headache, and refreshes the tired mind.

Distress After Eating

Sick Headache

"I have been troubled with dyspepsia. I had but little appetite, and what I did eat distressed me, or did me little good. In an hour after eating I would experience a faintness, or tired, all-gone feeling, as though I had not eaten anything. My trouble, I think, was aggravated by my business, which is that of a painter, and from being more or less shut up in a room with fresh paint. Last spring I took Hood's Sarsaparilla—took three bottles. It did me an immense amount of good. It gave me an appetite, and my food relished and satisfied the craving I had previously experienced." GEORGE A. PAGE, Watertown, Mass.

Heartburn

Sour Stomach

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

DR. LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER

Good Blood, Good Health.

The Blood Searcher is the safest Purifier ever known. Best Tonic. Cures Boils, Pimples, Tetter, Ulcers, Black Heads, and all bad Blood. Sold by Druggists.

The Sellers Medicine Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.

TALMAGE'S NEW BOOK 400 Wonderful Pictures. Sales Immense. Agents Wanted. Exclusive Territory. Big pay. 30 Day's Credit. No Capital Needed. Also send 9 Agents' Addresses and receive FREE TO YOU, Talmage's favorite Picture of Christ, in Oil Colors. Address, HISTORICAL PUB. CO. Phila. Pa.

The Soap that Cleans Most is Lenox.

AGENTS make **100 Per Cent.** net on my Corsets, Belts, Brushes, Curlers & Medicine samples free. Write now. Dr. Bridgman, 371 Broadway, N. Y.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the matter of the assigned estate of George Vonada, Jr., for the benefit of creditors. In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, No 43, April term, 890. The undersigned an auditor appointed by the court to make distribution of the funds in the hands of the assignee, as shown by his account filed, to and among those legally entitled to receive the same, will meet the parties interested for the purposes of his appointment, at his office in Bellefonte, Pa., on Friday the 5th day of June, A. D. 189, at 10 a. m., when and where all parties must present their claims or else be forever debarred from coming in on said fund. WILLIAM I. SWOOPE, Auditor.
my 3-3t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the estate of Robert Goheen, deceased, late of Harris township, Centre county, Pa., having been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement to

MARGARET and W. M. GOHEEN,
ap30-6t Executors.

ANNUAL ASSESSMENT APPEALS FOR the year 1891.—Notice is hereby given to the taxpayers of Centre County that the County Commissioners will hear and determine Appeals at the Commissioner's Office in Bellefonte, for the respective districts as follows:

Monday June 8th, Howard, Curtin and Liberty Townships and Howard Boro.
Tuesday June 9th Marion, Walker and Boggs Twp's and Milesburg Boro.
Wednesday June 10th Union Burnside and Snow Shoe Twp's and Unionville Boro.
Thursday June 11th Rush, Taylor Huston and Worth Twp's and Philipsburg Boro.
Friday June 12th Harris, College, Ferguson and Halfmoon Twp's.
Saturday June 13th Benner, Patton and Spring Twp's.
Monday June 15th Potter and Gregg Twp's. and Centre Hall Boro.
Tuesday June 16th Miles, Penn and Haines Twp's and Millheim Boro.
Wednesday June 17th Bellefonte Boro.

The time for hearing appeals will be between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 4 P. M. The Assessor's of the several districts, will be present with the Board of Commissioners on the day of said appeals for their respective districts as well as all persons who may feel themselves aggrieved. Assessors will bring all books and papers they have to the appeal.

GEO. L. GOODHART,
T. F. ADAMS, } County
J. B. STROHM. } Com'rs.

Attest:—
ROBT. F. HUNTER, Clerk
Commissioner's Office,
Bellefonte, May 18th, 1891. 3t.

Centre County Teachers' Examinations, 1891.

Ferguson—Pine Grove	Tuesday, June	9
Millheim and Penn—Millheim	Saturday, "	13
Miles—Rebersburg	Monday, "	15
Haines—Aaronsburg	Tuesday, "	16
Gregg—Spring Mills	Wednesday, "	17
Centre Hall and Potter—Centre Hall	Thursday, "	18
Walker—Hublersburg	Friday, "	19
	Monday, "	22

Special examinations will be held at Spring Mills, Fremont, Howard, Unionville, Philipsburg and Bellefonte, Aug. 17, 18, 19, 20, 21 and 22 respectively; and at Bellefonte September 12 and 26. All examinations will begin at 9 a. m.

Applicants will be examined in all branches without regard to former marks.

By Sec. CC School Laws of Penna., candidates for certificates are required to be examined in that district in which they shall first apply for a school, or in which they expect to apply first.

A teacher without character is worse than no teacher. Applicants must present testimonials of character from the Board for which they last taught, or from that for which they expect to teach.

Directors will please be very careful in recommending. To refuse an improper person may offend that individual; but to recommend an unfit person will wrong a whole community

Persons failing to qualify at the regular examinations may have a second trial at any of the specials.

Much of the work will be oral. Directors and citizens are invited to be present.

DAVID O. ETTERS,
County Superintendent.
April 30-te

E. W. SMITH & CO.,

MAP PUBLISHERS

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my7-6m

REMEMBER TO GO TO THE

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Very Latest Styles and Fashions in MILLINERY.

The best grade of goods at the lowest prices in Centre county.

MAIZE R. GRAHAM, Proprietress.
m25-1m

RUPTURE

DR J. A. SHERMAN begs to inform those whom it may concern that all patients will be furnished with his CELEBRATED RUPTURE TREATMENT during the months of May, June and July this year **at special rates,** at his principal office, 294 Broadway, New York. Safety and comfort is assured without restriction from exercise while under treatment for cure. Treatment can be had by corresponding. Send stamp for pamphlet.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

WIT AND WISDOM.

The thorn stays on the rose bush all the year round.

A Court of Inquiry—Popping the question.—[Lowell Courier.

If you want to sink money get into the swim.—[Atchison Globe.

To be great, your opportunity must come when the world is looking on.

Nothing that shuns the light can be trusted in the dark.—[Milwaukee Journal.

There is one thing that may be said of a spider—there are no flies on it.—[Atchison Globe.

Many men say their prayers by proxy, but very few do their cursing that way. —[New York Herald.

'Tis better to have loved and lost, considering what spring bonnets cost.—[Elmira Gazette.

Luck is a good thing to depend upon if you have no desire to succeed.—[Somerville Journal.

If tombstones were always reliable the devil would soon be willing to put out his fire and quit.

"What is a good funeral?" asks an undertakers' journal. A good funeral is some one else's funeral.

In Cipher.—"I sigh for you, my love," he said. But these were the ciphers he meant instead—$1,000,000.

The distant relative is the one who is afraid that you are going to borrow $5 from him.—[Texas Siftings.

The man who loves himself does not make his wife half so jealous as the man who is his own worst enemy.

Men may be just as willing to hate you for your virtues as for your faults, but they seldom have the same opportunities. —[New York Recorder.

They'd Be Left.—"I'm glad every man doesn't mind his own business in this world." "Why?" "What would his employees do for a living?"

Mrs. Noear—Do you think my daughter will be a musician? Professor—I gant zay. She may. She dell me she gome of a long lived vamily.—[New York Weekly.

TWO OF A KIND.

"Had you a millions dollars,
I would," said lovely Carrie;
"No doubt," he sighed, "but if I had,
I wouldn't have to marry."

"Who are the disappointed?" The disappointed man is the one who finds out, after he has got just what he wanted, that he didn't want it half as much as he thought he did.

Benevolent Old Lady—I wish to leave all my property to charity. Lawyer—Your relatives might break the will. Why not give the property to charity at once? Old Lady—They'd put me in a lunatic asylum.—[New York Weekly.

AN OUTSIDER.

The man who shakes hands with the devil all week
And on Sunday just bows to the Lord,
Will be on the exterior side, you can bet,
When accounts for the last time are scored.

An Exclusive Family.—Mrs. Fourundred—What? invite the Downtown girls to our party! Why, my dear, their father is in trade. He keeps a shop. Miss Fourundred—I know, ma, but he is awfully exclusive. He never advertises, and dosen't have to serve a customer once a week.

Significant.—Bridget could neither read nor write, but she was no fool, for all that. "That was a very nice letter of Patrick's offering you marriage," said the mistress. "What shall I say in reply for you?" "You may tell him, if you plaze, mum, that when I gets my wages raised next month, mum, I'll begin to save for the wedding things." The mistress laughed and saw the point.

ODDS AND ENDS.

The shad is the summum bonum of all fish.

The cheerful giver—the man with the valueless opinion.

New Orleans will hereafter be known as the Lynchburg of Louisiana.

If you prove that there is no devil, how are you going to explain where whisky comes from?—[Ram's Horn.

Sanso—Bad times make money scarce. Rodd—Yes; but not nearly so scarce as a real jolly good time dies.—[New York Herald.

When a man in a hurry is trying to write with a fountain pen he realizes how a man must feel who stutters.—[Somerville Journal.

THE UNCHANGEABLE.

Barnum is dead, but the circus,
Possessed of an undying fame,
In the glory and beauty of springtime,
Will come every year, just the same.

When a man's eyes and his tongue agree, you may know that he is either telling the truth or that he is a very accomplished liar.—[Atchison Globe.

Do not be too harsh in your complainings of the cigarette smoker. Bear with him for a while. He can not possibly live long.—[Boston Transcript.

"I see they talk of shortening the college course." "Do they? Too much for the boys, eh? What are they going to make it—a half mile or three-quarters?" —[Boston Transcript.

A Washington Heights man claims that his wife is the most ingenious woman in the world. He has been married 10 years and she has hid his slippers in a different place every day.—[New York Recorder.

Yabsley—Billings has done pretty well in the West. He writes me that he has married a pretty girl with $50,000. Mudge—That's nothing. With $50,000 I could marry a pretty girl myself.—[Indianapolis Journal.

Mrs. Numbernine (of Chicago)—What! You have accepted that New York dude? How could you do such a thing? Miss Numbernine—Well, what could I say? If I hadn't he would have boycotted the Fair!—[New York Herald.

A "poor white trash" girl from the mountains of North Carolina was received into the house of a lady in Raleigh, for training. She was taught to be orderly and clean, but suddenly discipline ceased, for she fled to her mountain home. Thither the lady went to find her. "Why did you leave me?" she asked. "Well, Mis' Blank," was the reply, "I couldn't stay. I was just cloyed with neatness!"—[Philadelphia Record.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, June 3, 1891.

Red Wheat, per bushel	$1 00
Mixed wheat, per bushel	95
Buckwheat, new, per bushel	50
Rye per bushel	90
Corn (shelled)	70
Corn (ears)	70
Oats	55
Barley	60
Cloverseed, fair to good	4.00
do prime and extra prime	4.40
do choice	4.80
Flour, retail, per barrel	4.80
Flour, wholesale	6.00
Hay choice mixed, per ton	8.25
" prime timothy " "	9.00
" choice " " "	10.00

Provision Markets.

Corrected weekly by Eureka Grocery.

Apples, dried, per pound	15
Green apples, per bushel	3 00
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	10
Dried Currants, per pound	10
New Raisins, per pound	10—12½
Beans, per quart	10
Fresh Butter, per pound	12½
Cheese, per pound	16
Country Hams, per pound	8
Hams, sugar cured	13
Shoulders	10
Breakfast Bacon	12½—14
Country Bacon	8
Lard, leaf, per pound	10
Lard, country, per pound	8
Eggs, per dozen	15
Potatoes, per bushel	1 25
Dried Beef	20
Canned Beef, 2 pound can	20
Country Side, per pound	5
Canned Tomatoes, per can	10—12—15
Canned Corn, per can	10—12½—15
Lemons, per dozen	30
Dried Sweet Corn, per pound	15
Apple Butter, per gallon	1 00
Roller Flour, per sack	1 50

STOCK QUOTATIONS,

Reported up to 6 o'clock, by

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PHILADELPHIA, June 2, 1891.

	Bid	Asked
U S 4½'s, coupon	109	⅛
" 4's "	119½	⅛
Pennsylvania R R	50	⅛
Philadelphia & Reading R R	15⅝	⅛
Lehigh Valley R R	47½	⅛
Lehigh Coal and Navigation Co.	46⅞	⅛
National Lead Trust	183	⅛
Missouri Pacific	66¾	⅛
Northern Pacific Com	24	⅛
" " Prefered	67½	⅛
North American Company	15½	⅛
Union Pacific	44	⅛
Western Union	80	⅛
Richmond Terminal	16⅞	16
Louisville & Nashville	74½	⅛
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	30⅛	⅛
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	134⅜	⅛
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	62½	⅛

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are unsurpassed by any other Wines. Being produced under Mr. Speer's personal supervision, it purity and genuineness are guaranted by the principal Hospitals and Boards of Health who have examined it. The youngest child and the weakest invalids use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that affect the weaker sex.

It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON

Speer's Unfermented Grape Juice.

Speer's Socialite Claret

It is held in high estimation for its richness as a Dry Table Wine, especially suited for dinner use.

Speer's P. J. Sherry

Is a wine of Superior Character and partakes of the rich qualities of the grape from which it is made.

Speer's P. J. Brandy

IS A PURE distillation of the grape, and stands unrivalled in this Country for medical purposes.

It has a peculiar flavor, simular to that of the grapes from which it is distilled.

See that the signature of "ALFRED SPEER Passaic, N. J.," is over the cork of each bottle.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS WHO KEEP FIRST CLASS WINES.

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THOUSANDS OF TOMBS.

PREHISTORIC DEPOSITS DISCOVERED BY A NEW HAVEN SCIENTIST.

The Private Archæological Collection Belonging to a New Haven Gentleman—Now in Course of Arrangement in Central Park Museum, New York.

Mr. James Terry, of New Haven, Conn., has been for many years one of the most indefatigable collectors of archæological specimens. Beyond a doubt he has traveled more miles on this continent than any other living man. By all methods of conveyance and on foot this enthusiastic searcher after archæological objects has traversed almost every State and Territory in the Union. He has followed every river of consequence in the United States from its source to its mouth, and the soil of every State bears evidence of his spade and trowel. More than 16 years ago he traversed the Pacific coast from southern California to Oregon, making wonderful discoveries. He has wandered over Alaska repeatedly, and some of his rarest specimens were obtained from that land. Mrs. Terry has accompanied her husband on many of his expeditions. She was the first lady tourist to visit Alaska.

Mr. Terry has made careful researches in the famous Columbia Valley, and has spent weeks in gaining the good will and confidence of and interviewing the Indians of the Yakima, Warm Spring, and Nez Perces regarding the origin of many archaic specimens and sculptured pieces found in the region, his object being to connect the tribes with the sculptures. He became convinced from these inquiries that the specimens should be dissociated from any relation with historic tribes. Many are the theories regarding the early civilizations in this country, and their connections with the first inhabitants or the later Indians.

This important and mooted subject early attracted the attention of Mr. Terry, and along the Columbia River he found evidence of the former existence of inhabitants much superior to the native Indians, and of which no tradition remains. Stone carvings were there found in abundance. In 1882 in the Columbia Valley Mr. Terry found a specimen that is the finest of its kind yet discovered, the only other specimens that resemble it being one owned by Professor O. C. Marsh and one owned by Thomas Condon, of Oregon. Mr. Terry found his specimen near the bank of the John Day River, a tributary of the Columbia. The carvings in question are in dark, pumiceous, basaltic rock, an abundance of which is found in the valley, and each strongly resembles the face of an ape. As was before stated, Mr. Terry's specimen is the finest yet discovered. The broad, flat nose, with supporting cheeks, and the contractions or corrugations of the forehead, characteristics of the ape family, and the peculiar mouth and chin are all cleverly reproduced in the sculpture.

One of the great questions which Mr. Terry and other scientists are trying to decide is—Whence came these sculptures, and by whom were they made? Mr. Terry is positive that it can not be shown that the Indians have any knowledge of these sculptures. When Mr. Condon discovered his specimen he advanced the theory that it was a copy of some figure-head of a derelict Malay proa, but Mr. Terry upsets that idea by pointing out the fact that three of these sculptures are known to exist, each with a distinctive characteristic, and all of them found east of the Cascade Mountains, a distance of 200 miles from the coast, and with several intervening tribes who failed to preserve any features of a proa or junk figure among their carvings.

Mr. Terry is clearly of opinion that the aborigines came from Central America.

On the Pacific coast there have been opened under Mr. Terry's direction and supervision upward of 7,000 tombs, and he has in his collection the largest amount of material known pertaining to the coast races between the Gulf of California and Puget Sound. A large proportion of the specimens were found in mounds and graves, associated with articles of stone and pottery in such juxtaposition as to leave no doubt of their belonging to and being made by the same people that fashioned the implements of stone and vessels of clay. Mr. Terry found the influence of Polynesian life, with its customs and usages, exemplified by a similarity of stone implements, which reflects much more than a mere incident in the daily life of a semi-barbarous race. The mere mere stone weapon of the famous Maorie chiefs of New Zealand, made of the beautiful nephrite, represents an emblem of rank of the most eminent degree, and is the most highly valued of their possessions. Examples of this implement made of green serpentine were found by Mr. Terry in the Columbia, Willamette, Rogue, and Klamath river valleys. In reaching a conclusion in regard to the origin of numerous stone heads he has discovered, Mr. Terry believes that the monkeys which the carvings represent once existed in the Columbia Valley, or that, in the remote past, a migration of natives from some region containing these monkeys reached this valley and left one of the vivid impressions of their former surroundings in these imperishable sculptures.

Mr. Terry has at the museum building, Central Park, New York, collections which cost over $60,000 to secure and transport, not including traveling expenses. In his researches he often employed a number of men to assist in making excavations. He visits New York daily, and devotes his entire time to arranging his specimens and studying them. In the course of a few months he will make another journey to the Pacific coast, after which he hopes to give to the world some of the most astounding of the results of his investigations.

Sir Provo Wallis, English admiral, has just completed the 100th year of his age and his 87th in the British naval service. Americans feel a special interest in him because in 1813 he was a second lieutenant on board the frigate Shannon, which captured the Chesapeake off Boston Harbor, and his two superior officers having been killed in that action, it devolved on Wallis to take his prize to Halifax.

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Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

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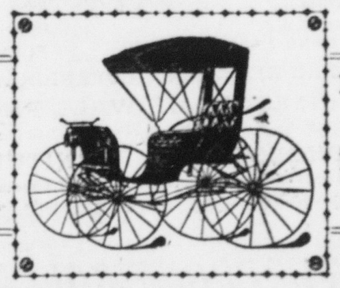

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Published every Wednesday, dated [illegible]

D. H. HASTINGS. W. F. REEDER

HASTINGS & REEDER, Attorneys-at-Law,

[illegible] offices [illegible] Orphans' Court [illegible] Bellefonte, Pa., will be [illegible] by the [illegible] firm. 17-15-1y

YOUR SILVER DOLLAR.

How to Tell Whether It Is Good or a Base Counterfeit.

The Treasury Department is worried by more than one first class counterfeit, if the statement of a Department clerk who is now visiting at his home in this city is true. Said he last night: "The new $2 silver certificate counterfeit is so dangerously like the original bill that the entire issue may be called in as the best way out of the difficulty. The counterfeits which cause the Treasury officials the most uneasiness are bogus bills; counterfeit coins ordinarily do not cause much trouble because the work is rarely well done, and the 'queer' coin are quite easily detected and suppressed. But there is one bogus dollar in circulation that is so nearly like the genuine that it is causing considerable alarm. Thomas Carvalho, the Treasury expert, who is said to be the best judge of money in the world, recently was sent to Birmingham, Ala., to testify as an expert in a counterfeiting case. In explaining to the jury the secret marks which the genuine silver dollar bears he said: 'The designer of the standard silver dollar, Mr. Morgan, stamped the initial of his name in two places on the coin. All genuine standard silver dollars bear one minute letter "M" stamped on the neck of the Goddess of Liberty just at the point where the longest lock of hair crosses the neck line, and another on the reverse side of the coin, on the left half of the loop of ribbon tied about the wreath.'

"Drawing from his pocket a handful of coins he left the witness stand and walked over to the jury box. 'If you will look at these dollars very carefully,' said he, 'you will observe the marks to which I have alluded.' He then distributed the dollars among the jurors and asked them to examine the coins. After studying awhile all but three of the jurors were able to make out the minute 'M's.' Then expert Corvalho smilingly volunteered to point out the secret initials to the three gentlemen whose eyes were not acute enough to detect them. Taking the three coins in his hand he glanced at them casually. A puzzled look overspread his features; he closely scrutinized the dollars, walking over to the window to get the benefit of a clearer light. Then he turned to the jury, and said: 'Gentlemen, these coins well illustrate the point I was attempting to impress upon you. They are counterfeits.' Just before entering the courtroom Mr. Carvalho stepped into a grocery and had a $20 bill changed in order to get enough dollars to pass among the jurors. Three of those coins were bogus."—[Chicago Mail.

Carriage Nomenclature.

It is probable that the idea of a vehicle with wheels, to be drawn by animals, must have occurred to men soon after the domestication of the horse and ox. The first attempts in this direction were very rude. In this country the prevalent mode of traveling for the first two centuries was on horseback, the roads preventing any very extensive use of wheeled vehicles; but as the country has increased in wealth, and the highways, city and town streets have improved, the demand for public and private carriages has grown to be very large. A writer in the Detroit *Free Press* gives the origin of the names of some of the most common vehicles now in use.

The popular Hansom derives its distinguishing title from a certain Mr. Hansom.

The Brougham, which was first used by the famous Lord Brougham, took its title from that nobleman.

Landau, a city in Germany, was the locality in which was first made the style of vehicle bearing that name.

Hacks originally were termed hackney coaches, because they were drawn by hackney—a name applied to easy going horses.

The Gig was given that name from its peculiar jumping and rocking motion, the word being taken from the French gigue, signifying the jig or a lively dance.

The term Coach is derived from the French coche, a diminutive form of the Latin conchula, a shell, in which form the body of such conveyances was originally fashioned.

Coupe is French in origin, being derived from the verb cooper (coopay) to cut. This was considered an appropriate designation because it greatly resembled a coach with the front part cut off.

Seldom, if ever, is the full term Omnibus applied to those lumbering vehicles. With the characteristic brevity of English speaking races the title has been changed to Bus. These were first seen in Paris in 1827, the original name being nothing more than the Latin word signifying "for all."

Cab is an abbreviation of the Italian capriola, which is changed to cabriolet (cabriolay) in French. Both words have a common derivative—cobriole—signifying a goat's leap. The exact reason for giving it this strange appellation is unknown.

A Man Raises His Hat.

1. When he bows to a lady or an elderly gentleman.
2. When he is with a lady who bows to any person, even if the other is a total stranger to him.
3. When he salutes a gentleman who is in the company of ladies.
4. When he is in the company of another gentleman who bows to a lady.
5. When he is with a lady and meets a gentleman whom he knows.
6. When he offers any civility to a lady who is a stranger to him.
7. When he parts with a lady after speaking to her, or after walking or driving with her, etc.

In the elevator, where there are ladies, men may keep on their hats with perfect propriety. Nine out of every ten do, with good and sufficient reason. Elevators are draughty places and are public conveyances, though within doors. To raise the hat when a lady enters is becoming courtesy, but this is very different from standing with the hat off while an elevator mounts to the thirteenth floor. A hat when not on the head is in the way in an elevator. It is embarrassing to the occupants to feel that they may unwittingly spoil a good hat by an unwary turn that knocks it in or makes havoc with the nap.—[The Correct Thing.

IT IS TRUE that if tobacco chewers will insist upon trying the

OLD HONESTY

plug chewing tobacco, they will NOT be humbugged, but will get the BEST and MOST that can be given for the money.

Ask your dealer for it. Insist on having it

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9. MATHEMATICS AND ASTRONOMY, pure and applied.
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12. MILITARY SCIENCE; instruction, theoretical and practical, including each arm of the science.
13. PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT; Two years, carefully graded and thorough.

Winter term opens January 7th, 1891. Spring term, April 8th, 1891; Commencement week, June 28—July 2, 1891. For catalogue or other information, address

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HE'S A BRICK.

Ancient Origin of a Phrase of Popular Commendation.

Plutarch, in his life of Agesilaus, king of Sparta, gives us the origin of the quaint and familiar saying. On a certain occasion an ambassador from Epirus, on the diplomatic mission, was shown by the king over his capital. The ambassador knew of the monarch's fame—knew that though only nominally king of Sparta, he was ruler of Greece—and he looked to see massive walls rearing aloft their embattled towers for the defense of the town, but found nothing of the kind. He marveled much at this, and spoke of it to the king.

"Sire," he said, "I have visited most of the principal towns, and I find no walls reared in defense. Why is this?"

"Indeed, Sir Ambassador," replied Agesilaus, "thou cans't not have looked carefully. Come with me to-morrow morning and I will show you the walls of Sparta."

Accordingly, on the following morning, the king led his guest out upon the plain where his army was drawn up in full battle array, and pointing proudly to the seried hosts, he said:

"There thou beholdest the walls of Sparta—10,000 men, and every man a brick!"—[Detroit Free Press.

Geraniums.

There is nothing better adapted to pot culture or for bedding out than the geranium. It requires but little care, is not sensitive to atmospheric changes nor troubled with insects.

The list of good geraniums is a long one; we can hardly miss it. To select from the many catalogues extant, here are, however, a few that are extra fine for pots or beds.

Single varieties: Queen of the Belgians, New Life, Mrs. Windsor, Sam Sloan, Leon Perault, F. L. Voith, and Bridesmaid.

Double varieties: Blanche Perfecta, Gloire de France, Black Knight, Gillion Mangilli, Golden Dawn, and Naomi.

The Ivy Geraniums are also fine for bedding. They are really much finer than when grown in pots. F. J. von Hohenzollern, Mme. Thibaut, and Joan of Arc are three very beautiful varieties.

Geraniums delight in a sandy, mellow soil, only moderately rich. If too rich, their tendency will be to produce luxuriant foliage and but few flowers.

Whenever the leaves of geraniums turn yellow or pale we may know the soil in which they are growing is exhausted, and at such times we may safely give them weak liquid manure once a week.

Don't spray your plants when the sun is shining directly upon them, if you want the foliage to look nice. Before or after sunrise is the best time to water plants in the ground.

English Spelling.

Some compositor, disgusted with the inconsistencies of English orthography, has been at the pains to construct the following elaborate travesty, which appears in the *Printer's Album*. The ingenious reader can lengthen it at his own pleasure. Know won knead weight two bee tolled the weigh too dew sew:

A right suite little buoy, the sun of a grate kernel, with a rough around his neck, flue up the rode as quick as a dear. After a thyme he stopped at a gnu house and wrung the belle. His tow hurt hymn, and he kneaded wrest. He was two tired to raze his fare, pail face. A feint mown of pane rows from his lips.

The made who herd the belle was about to pair a pare, but she through it down and ran with awl her mite, for fear her guessed wood knot weight. But when she saw the little won, tiers stood in her ayes at the site.

"Ewe poor deer! Why dew you lye hear? Are yew dyeing?"

"Know," he said, "I am feint."

She boar hymn inn her arms, as she aught, to a rheum where he might bee quiet, gave him bred and meet, held a cent bottle under his knows, untide his choler, rapped hymn up warmly, gave him a suite drachm from a viol, till at last he went fourth as hail as a young hoarse.

The United States Mail.

When Dr. Franklin was the Postmaster General of the American Colonies the entire accounts of his office were kept in one book—and not a very large book either. The Postmaster General now has a larger force of men under him than there are in the combined Army and Navy of the United States. The postoffice is not, never was, and is not intended to be, a source of profitable revenue to the Government. Whenever the receipts exceed the expenses, the postage will be reduced in the interests of the public. The reduction from 3 to 2 cents caused a loss to the Government of $2,848,839.60 in one year, but the immense increase in correspondence will make up that immediate loss, and we may expect at no distant day to have a 1 cent letter postage.—[E. L. Didier, in the Chautauquan.

A Moment With Æsop.

THE WOLF AND THE LAMB.

A Wolf and a Lamb were drinking out of the same Purling Stream, when the Wolf angrily blurted out:

"I say, you! You are Roiling the Mud all up."

"Let her roil," returned the Lamb nonchalantly. Whereupon the Wolf Leaped across the Stream and fell upon the Lamb. The Fierce Creature had hardly attempted to Tear the Lamb's Shoulder, however, before his Teeth broke off Short and fell to the Ground.

"Bah!" said the Lamb; "what a Fool you are to try your Fangs on a Hardened old Tough like myself! Can't you See that I am a Spring Lamb?"—[Puck.

Finding the Proprietor.

"Are you the proprietor?" asked a visitor of an important looking man.

"No, sir. I'm the master painter."

"Is that the proprietor?" he continued, pointing to a man even more imposing in appearance.

"No, sir. He's the walking delegate. That little man mixing paint in the corner is the proprietor."—[New York Recorder.

How to Prevent and Cure Wrinkles

The woman with the wrinkles in the "perfectly lovely skin she used to have" comes to the front more frequently with her despairing queries than any of the afflicted. But the oft repeated prescription of nature's own cure seems to make no impression upon her until the time of her own need is at hand. The simplest and perhaps the surest remedy for wrinkles is to bathe the face in pure hot rain water, no lukewarm water, but hot, with a soft flannel cloth, holding the cloth on the skin as long as it retains the heat, and repeating the process many times in succession, then immediately plunging the face in ice cold water, which acts as an astringent and restores the elasticity of the skin.

Eat nourishing food containing oily substance, stop worrying and fretting, go to sleep early at night, and never go to sleep without removing all the powder from the face and giving it its bath. Gentle but brisk rubbing with the finger tips, marking all the lines and rubbing in the opposite direction, is a help, but the bath is best. However, the best way to get rid of wrinkles is to avoid causing them in the first place by constant contortion of your face in either mirth or sadness, in eating, or in facing the strong light after the proverbial American fashion, and close your eyes and rest your face in perfect repose for a few minutes each morning, afternoon and evening.

Specimen Cases.

S.H. Clifford, New Cassel, Wis., was troubled with Neuralgia and Rheumatism, his Stomach was disordered, his Liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him.

Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years' standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Speaker, Catawaba, O., had five large Fever sores on his leg, doctors said he was incurable. one bottle Electric Bitters and one box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely, Sold by C. M. Parrish, druggist.

A Bride's First Lesson.

A bride's first lesson, says *The Ladies' Home Journal*, is to respect the extreme sensitiveness of her husband, who doesn't want people to know he has just been married; consequently she will be wise if, after her first journey, she assumes a gown that has seen wear; if she will forget to look around in a startled manner whenever her husband is gone from her side, as it is not likely that he is either going to be lost or stolen. The next thing is not to kiss him or hold his hand in public, or call him "Darling." Any woman can make a man feel her love without making him ridiculous.

Another thing for her to learn is, when she is at a hotel, not to grow confidential with the chambermaid, not to give her a piece of her wedding-cake and tell her all about the marriage ceremony, and tell her how she looked. You think this is never done? Ask at some large hotel And she shouldn't giggle or look surprised when she gets a letter from her mother addressed to her in her married name. Men are particularly sensitive creatures about some things and they are rather given to think a woman don't want a name when she acts in this way.

—The authorities give notice that hereafter racing on Bishop street must stop. There has been too much of that kind of business indulged in on that thoroughfare for some time past, at the risk of life, but now it must end and all persons wishing to avoid arrest had better take notice

Samuel Weaver's Death.

In the death of Samuel Weaver, which occurred at his home at Oak Hall on Wednesday morning, from Bright's disease of the kidneys that part of Centre county has lost one of its best and most enterprising citizens. Left an orphan when a small child he had none of the advantages of the children of the present day. At an early age he learned the trade of a miller with John A. Rupp, now Centre county's register. Since that time he has followed his trade in the various portions of the county until about five years ago he purchased of Mr. D. C. Gingerich the large flouring mill at Oak Hall. Since that time Mr. Weaver has met with good success and had he lived a few years longer would have had his property free of all incumbrance.

But God's ways are not our ways and hence, at the early age of 31 years, Mr. Weaver has been summoned to appear before the great tribunal. He leaves a wife and five small children to mourn their loss. Mr. Weaver was a member of the I. O. O. F. which order conducted the funeral which occurred at two o'clock this afternoon. Quite a large concourse of sorrowing friends were present to take their last farewell.

You are in a Bad Fix

But we will cure you if you pay us. Men who are Weak Nervous and Debilitated, suffering from nervous debility, Seminal Weakness, and all the effects of early Evil Habits, or later indiscretions, which lead to Premature Decay, Consumption or Insanity, should send for and read the "Book of Life," giving particulars of Home Cure. Sent (sealed) free, by addressing Dr. Parker's Medical and Surgical Institute, 151 North Spruce St., Nashville, Tenn. They guarantee a cure or no pay,—The *Sunday Morning* s10-1y-adv.

A New Departure.

Mr. John Anderson is one of the most enterprising business men in this part of the state. Not satisfied with keeping a first-class restaurant billiard parlor, etc., he will tomorrow organize a new departure in the shape of a number one ice cream saloon in his room next this office. It is the intention of Mr. Anderson to keep ice cream constantly on hand and to serve it in the very best style possible. As to the quality of the cream, everybody who knows Mr. Anderson will know that it will be the best that can be made. So don't forget that on and after Tuesday you can get ice cream at Anderson's.

TO CONSUMPTIVES

The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease 'Comsumption," is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis and all throat and lung Maladies. He hopes all sufferers will try his Remedy, as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing and may prove a blessing, will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILTON, Williamsburg, Kings County, New York.

Hurrah for the Fantastics.

Mr. John Dunlap, who will have charge of the fantastics on the fourth of July, informs the writer that he already has a club of sixty-five who have signified their intention of taking part in his special department. To make the thing a good success Mr. Dunlap will need a few horses on the fourth during parade and also a few other necessary things which will have to be supplied by the general committee and Treasurer. But there is not the least doubt that Mr. Dunlap will have organized a club of fantastics superior to anything of the kind ever appearing in Bellefonte.

Our Revised Legal Holidays.

From the Philadelphia Times.

Our patchwork legal holiday legislation has been revised in one general statute, lately approved by the Governor, and several doubtful questions of practical moment to business men have been cleared up. The legal holidays in Pennsylvania now are:

1. New Year's Day, January 1.
2. Washington's birthday, February 22.
3. Good Friday.
4. Memorial Day, May 30.
5. Independence Day, July 4.
9. Christmas Day, 25th December.
7. Labor Day, first Monday in September.
8. All days designated by the Governor or President for thanksgiving, fasting and prayer.
9. Saturday half-holiday, from twelve o'clock noon until midnight, beginning 15th of June and ending 15th of September of each year.

All of these days as declared by the new legal holiday law, "shall for all purposes whatever as regards the presenting for payment or acceptance, and as regards the protesting and giving notice of the dishonor of bills of exchange, checks, drafts, promissory notes, made after the passage of this act, be treated and considered as the day of the week, commonly called Sunday," and "all such bills, checks, drafts and notes otherwise presentable for acceptance or payment on any of the said days shall be deemed to be payable and be presentable for payment on the secular business day next preceding such holiday, or in case of half holiday, shall be deemed to be payable and presentable for acceptance or payment at or before 12 o'clock noon on such half-holidays."

Now Try This.

It will cost you nothing and will surely do you good, if you have a cough, cold, or any trouble with throat, chest or lungs. Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds is guaranteed to give relief, or money will be paid back. Sufferers from La Grippe found it just the thing and under its use had a speedy and perfect recovery. Try a sample bottle at our expense and learn for yourself just how good a thing it is. Trial bottles free at C. M. Parrish's Drug Store. Large size 50c. and $1.00.

Death of an Aged Citizen

Mr. Lewis Houseal an aged and much respected citizen, died early Saturday forenoon at the residence of his daughter, Mrs Krom, on East Water street near Hanna. The decease was born in Maytown Lancaster county and was 76 years of age on the 26th day of last August. He was well known throughout the state having kept the Railroad Hotel at Marietta for twenty three years, afterwards the Brockerhoof house at Bellefonte and the Montour house this city. He has one sister, Mrs. Anna Stainrook residing in Philadelphia and his only child is Mrs. Krom at whose residence his death occurred. The funeral services will be conducted by Rev. Chas. James Wood at Mrs Krom's house at 3 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, after which the remains will be taken to Bellefonte via the Bald Eagle Valley railroad, for interment. Mr. Houseal had a large circle of acquaintances among whom were many men prominent in political circles.—L. H. *Express*.

A Minister on Trial.

PHILIPSBURG, Pa., May 28.—The trial of the Rev. W. F. D. Noble, pastor of the Houtzdale Methodist Episcopal Church, by a committee appointed by Conference, is now in progress at Houtzdale behind closed doors, so far as any one not a member of the church is concerned.

One charge is brought by the Rev. R. H. Colburn for false charges made in a dispatch to the Philadelphia *Times* concerning the proceedings of Conferance, and another charge makes Noble guilty of making an ungentlemanly proposition to a female member of his flock. The motion to have the trial secret seemed to come from the side of the prosecution. Many ministers are present. The case will likely go to court, whatever the result of the ecclesiastical trial may be.

—Hope Hose company, of Philipsburg, has accepted the invitation to be present and participate in Bellefonte's fourth of July demonstration. They will bring their steamer and be attended with a band of music.

If You Feel Dull and Languid

Dull and languid, have a poor appetite, and there is a lack of assimilation of food, it is an indication that the system is weakened, and rendered liable to contract serious disease. The blood needs purifying, and the general system requires a building up by the best of all Spring tonics—Brown's Sarsaparilla.

EPPING, N. H., May 6th, 1889.

Brown's Sarsaparilla is a good medicine. I know this as it has been in the house of my folks, and it is pronounced by them to be the best of all the Sarsaparillas for the blood, and will work wonders after others have failed, and were I in need of any medicine for the blood I would take that in preference to all others for the blood, kidneys, liver and stomach.

EVERETT S. SMITH
Care L. D. Manville,
Epping, N. H.

Dull and Languid

In the latter part of the winter and spring of 1885, I felt—I don't know how; no life; no ambition; no strength; drowsy; no appetite worth naming, and no relish for what little I did eat. I bought a bottle of Brown's Sarsaparilla. It seemed to do no good until nearly gone, when a tremendous itching of my feet and legs commenced; I continued till I had used six bottles; my appetite returned, my food tasted natural, and I, though now 63 years of age, feel as well and lively as I have for twenty years. I cannot speak too highly of Brown's Sarsaparilla.

Yours truly,
BENJAMIN HILL,
York Corner, Me.

Build Up the

A very strong case showing what Brown's Sarsaparilla will do for the children is that of the little daughter of Don A. H. Powers, Esq., of Houlton, Maine, brother of ex-Congressman Powers, and one of the leading lawyers of Aroostook county. His little five year old girl had been in delicate health, pale and with little appetite, for some time. Mr. Powers had never tried any patent medicines, and had little faith in them, but so numerous and strong were the words of commendation that came to him from neighbors and through the press, that he was induced to try a bottle of Brown's Sarsaparilla for the little one. This was used according to directions, and a second one purchased. What was the result? Mr. Powers says the variable appetite gave way to a natural and hearty desire for food, increased vigor and vivacity were noticeable, glowing cheeks and bright eyes took the place of the pallid face and sallow look, and the hearts of the parents were gladdened beyond expression by the wonderful change which had taken place in their darling.

System with

Annie B. Blodgett of Lisbon, N. H., writes: My husband and my niece have both taken Brown's Sarsaparilla by my advice, and we would not be without a bottle of it in the house. It has relieved me of many pains which I have suffered from for years. I have great faith in your medicine and wish I could commend it personally to all who are suffering from the many complaints of women caused by poor blood.

Brown's Sarsaparilla

At all Druggists $1.00. 6 bottles for $5.00.
DON'T take Something else "just as good," IT IS NOT.
ABA WARREN & Co., Sole Proprietors, Bangor, Me.

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BE UP TO THE MARK
Not to Split!
Not to Discolor!
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TRADE ELLULOID MARK.

NEEDS NO LAUNDERING. CAN BE WIPED CLEAN IN A MOMENT.
THE ONLY LINEN-LINED WATERPROOF COLLAR IN THE MARKET.

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CONSUMPTION

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IS A MAXIM THAT APPLIES WITH PECULIAR FORCE TO SCHOOLS.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN!
The Best Advertising Medium in Centre County.

Some lives are like Horse shoes
the more worn the brighter.
Busy wives who use SAPOLIO never seem to grow old. Try a cake.
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A complete wreck of domestic happiness has often resulted from badly washed dishes, from an unclean kitchen, or from trifles which seemed light as air. But by these things a man often judges of his wife's devotion to her family, and charges her with general neglect when he finds her careless in these particulars. Many a home owes a large part of its thrifty neatness and its consequent happiness to SAPOLIO.

☞ Grocers often substitute cheaper goods for SAPOLIO, to make a better profit. Send back such articles, and insist on having just what you ordered. ☜

RAILROADS

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—TIME Table, Dec. 14, 1890.

STATIONS	Dis	WESTWARD A.M	A.M	P.M
LOCK HAVEN		4 40	9 15	4 20
Flemington—f	1.8	4 43	9 19	4 23
Mill Hall	3.0	4 46	9 22	4 26
Beech Creek	8.3	4 56	9 34	4 35
Eagleville—f	9.9	4 59	9 37	4 49
Howard	14.8	5 07	9 48	4 49
Mt. Eagle—f	17.7	5 14	9 56	4 55
Curtin	19.9	5 18	10 01	5 02
Milesburg	23.5	5 25	10 12	5 10
BELLEFONTE	24.2	5 35	10 25	5 20
Milesburg	23.5	5 45	10 35	5 30
Snow Shoe Int	24.8	5 48	10 38	5 33
Unionville	28.5	5 55	10 48	5 41
Julian	32.9	6 05	10 59	5 50
Martha	37.6	6 15	11 09	5 59
Port Matilda	40.4	6 21	11 17	6 06
Hannah—f	43.7	6 28	11 25	6 13
Fowler—f	45.0	6 30	11 29	6 15
Dix—f	46.8	6 33	11 32	6 18
Bald Eagle	49.5	6 40	11 38	6 24
Vail	51.2	6 44	11 43	6 29
East Tyrone	53.0	6 48	11 48	6 33
TYRONE	54.3	6 55	11 55	6 40

STATIONS	Dis	EASTWARD A.M	P.M.	P.M.
TYRONE		8 10	2 10	7 15
East Tyrone	1.3	8 17	2 17	7 22
Vail	3.1	8 20	2 20	7 25
Bald Eagle	5.0	8 25	2 24	7 33
Dix—f	8.9	8 30	2 30	7 39
Fowler—f	9.3	8 32	2 33	7 42
Hannah—f	10.6	8 36	2 37	7 45
Port Matilda	13.9	8 43	2 44	7 55
Martha	17.3	8 51	2 52	8 06
Julian	21.4	8 59	4 01	8 15
Unionville	25.8	9 10	4 16	8 25
Snow Shoe Int	29.5	9 18	4 18	8 35
Milesburg	30.8	9 22	4 20	8 39
BELLEFONTE	33.5	9 32	4 30	8 49
Milesburg	30.8	9 47	4 40	9 01
Curtin	34.4	10 01	4 47	9
Mt Eagle—f	36.6	10 04	4 55	9
Howard	39.8	10 16	5 02	
Eagleville—f	44.4	10 36	5 10	
Beech Creek	45.9	10 35	5 14	9 45
Mill Hall	51.3	10 59	5 24	10 01
Flemington	52.5	10 54	5 27	10 05
LOCK HAVEN	54.3	11 00	5 30	10 10

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table in effect Dec. 14th, 1890.

Westward P.M	Westward A.M	Stations	Dis.	Eastward A.M	Eastward P.M
5 05	9 51	SCOTIA	25.6	9 21	4 47
5 25	10 21	5.8 Fairbrook	20.3	9 09	4 27
5 37	10 28	8.7 Penna. Furnace	16.9	8 56	4 15
5 44	10 34	10.6 Hostler f	15.0	8 50	4 08
5 50	10 46	12.3 Marengo f	13.0	8 43	4 01
5 57	10 52	13.5 Loveville f	12.1	8 37	3 55
6 04	10 58	15.2 Furnace Road f	10.4	8 31	3 48
6 08	11 02	15.8 Dungarvin f	9.8	8 27	3 46
6 18	11 10	18.2 Warriors Mark	7.4	8 19	3 38
6 28	11 20	20.5 Pennington	5.1	8 10	3 30
6 40	11 32	23.5 Stover	2.1	7 58	3 1
6 50	11 40	25.6 TYRONE		7 50	3 1

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE RAILROAD.—Time Table, Nov. 24, 1890.

Leaves Snow Shoe at 6.45 a m; arrives at Bellefonte at 8.45 a m.
Leaves Bellefonte at 10.30 a m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 12.10 a m.
Leaves Snow Shoe at 3.00 p m; arrives at Bellefonte at 4.50 p m.
Leaves Bellefonte at 5.25 p m, arrives at Snow Shoe at 7.00 p m.

S S BLAIR, General Supt.

LEWISBURG & TYRONE R. R.—BELLEFONTE, NITTANY AND LEMONT R. R. Time in effect Nov. 24th, 1890.

Dis.	Westward a.m.	p.m.		Eastward a.m.	a.m.	p.m.
					8 10	2 10	7 15
1.3					8 17	2 17	7 22
3.1					8 20	2 20	7 25
5.0					8 25	2 24	7 33
8.9					8 30	2 30	7 39
9.3					8 32	2 33	7 42
10.6	7.08	3.14	LAURELTON		8 36	2 37	7 45
13.9	7.19	3.25	Pardee f		8 43	3 44	7 55
17.3	7.33	3.38	Cherry Run f		8 51	3 52	8 06
21.4	7.48	3.54	Paddy Mt. Tunnel f		8 59	4 01	8 15
25.8	7.48	3.54	Ingleby f		9 10	4 16	8 25
29.5	7.53	4.00	Coburn		9 18	4 18	8 35
30.8	8.01	4.08	Zerby f		9 22	4 20	8 39
33.5	8.16	4.17	Rising Springs		9 32	4 30	8 49
30.8	8.18	4.25	Penn's Cave f		9 47	4 40	9 01
34.4	8.24	4.30	CENTRE HALL		10 01	4 47	9
36.6	8.32	4.37	Gregg f		10 04	4 55	9
39.8	8.37	4.43	Linden Hall		10 16	5 02	
44.4	8.42	4.48	OAK HALL		10 36	5 10	
45.9	8.46	4.52	LEMONT		10 35	5 14	9 45
51.3	8.51	4.57	Dale Summit f		10 59	5 24	10 01
52.5	9.00	5.06	Pleasant Gap f		10 54	5 27	10 05
54.3	9.14	5.10	Axeman f		11 00	5 30	10 10
	9.10	5.15	BELLEFONTE			5.10	2.45

CHAS E. PUGH, General Manager
ROBERT NEILSON, General Superintendent
E. B. WESTFALL, Superintendent

BELLEFONTE AND BUFFALO RUN RAILROAD.—On and after Wednesday, August 7, 1889, Trains on the Bellefonte and Buffalo Run Railroad will run as follows, leaving the PENN'A RAIL-ROAD STATION.

EASTWARD No.6 P.M	No.2 A.M	Dis.	STATIONS	WESTWARD Dis.	No.1 A.M	No.5 P.M
6 20	5 10	18.	Ar. BELLEFONTE, Lv	0.	6 00	3 00
6 13	9 08	17.	Scales	1.	6 37	3 09
6 08	8 59	16	Morris	2.	6 11	3 13
6 05	8 54	15	Whitmer	4.	6 16	3 19
5 59	8 51		Linn		6 19	3 23
5 57	8 48	12.5	Hunters	5.5	6 22	3 26
5 53	8 44	11.2	Fillmore	6.8	9 26	3 30
5 47	8 40	9.5	Briarly	8.5	6 32	3 36
5 43	8 36	8.	Waddles	10.	6 38	3 43
	8 33		Matterns			3 45
	8 25		Stormstown			3 53
	8 19		Red Bank			3 59
5 39	8 19	6.9	Scotia Crossing	11.1	6 46	4 09
5 24	7 25	2.	Krumride	16.	7 00	4 5
5 20	7 20	0.	Lv STATE COLLEGE Ar	18.	7 04	5 1

Trains will stop at stations marked "F" when signal is given or notice to Conductor.
Train 2 connects with Trains east and west E V R R and S S Branch.
Train 6 connects with Trains east on B E R and the S S Branch.

THOS. A. SHOEMAKER, Supt.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Dec. 24th 1893.

	WESTWARD			
ERIE MAIL	leaves Philadelphia	daily	11 25	p m
"	" Harrisburg	"	3 30	a m
"	" Williamsport	"	7 10	a m
"	" Jersey Shore	"	7 32	a m
"	" Lock Haven	"	7 47	a m
"	" Renovo	"	8 50	a m
	arrives Erie	"	3 49	p m
NIAGRA EXP.	leaves Phil'a	week days	2 50	a m
"	" Harrisburg	"	12 15	p m
	arrives at Williamsport	"	3 05	p m
"	" Lock Haven	"	4 10	p m
"	" Renovo	"	5 15	p m
"	" Kane	"	9 15	p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at			5 20	p m
FAST LINE	leaves Philada.	week days	11 40	a m
"	" Harrisburg	"	3 45	p m
"	" Williamsport	"	7 10	p m
	arrives at Lock Haven	"	8 02	p m
"	" Renovo	"	9 00	p m
NEWS EXP.	leaves Philadelphia		4 30	a m
"	" Harrisburg		10 a	m
"	" Williamsport		11 10	a m
"	arrives at Lock Haven		12 19	p m
WMS'PORT EXP.	leaves Philadelphia		4 25	p m
"	" Harrisburg		7 50	p m
"	arrive Williamsport		10 28	p m
	EASTWARD			
Jersey Shore EXP.	leaves L. Haven		7 25	a m
"	" Jersey Shore		7 35	a m
"	" Williamsport		8 15	a m
	arrives at Harrisburg		11 39	a m
"	" Philadelphia		3 15	p m
DAY EXP.	leaves Kane	week days	7 15	a m
"	" Renovo		10 55	a m
"	" Lock Haven		11 55	a m
"	" Williamsport		12 50	p m
	arrives at Harrisburg		4 00	p m
"	" Philadelphia		7 50	p m
ERIE MAIL	leaves Erie	daily	3 25	p m
"	" Renovo		10 35	p m
"	" Lock Haven		11 25	p m
"	" Williamsport		12 25	a m
	arrives at Harrisburg		3 22	a m
"	" Philadelphia		6 50	a m
RENOVO ACC'N	leaves Renovo	w. d	4 30	p m
"	arrives at Harrisburg		9 45	p m
"	" Philadelphia		4 25	a m
WMS'PORT EXP.	leaves Williamsport		2 45	a m
"	" arrives at Harrisburg		5 30	a m
"	" leaves "		7 00	a m
"	" arrives at Philadelphia		10 20	m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.
Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with train on L. & M. S. R. R. at Corry with E. P. & W. N. N.; at Emporium with B. N. Y. & P. R. R. and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

ROBERT NEILSON, General Agent

Cleary Wants Another Trial.

Reasons Presented to the Court Asking for Same.

From the Democrat.

The following are the reasons presented by the counsel of Charles Cleary in their application to the Court for a third trial:

First: The Court erred in overruling the objections of defendant's counsel to the reading by the commonwealth of the evidence of Theodore C. McConnell and others taken on the former trial; said witnesses being out of the state at the time of the trial.

Second: The Court erred in not granting the change of venue upon the application of the defendant after the panel of jurors was exhausted.

Third: The Court erred in holding that the signing of the petitions referred to by several jurors was sufficient grounds for challenge for cause.

Fourth: The Court erred in refusing the application of defendant to discharge the jury from the further consideration of the cause, because of the illegal manner in which the additional jurors were summoned after the panel was exhausted.

Fifth: Because the Sheriff in selecting and summoning the jury under the venire awarded by the Court after the panel was exhausted, inquired of the persons selected as to whether they had conscientious scruples on the suject of capital punishment and as to whether they had signed defendant's petition to the Court, asking the Court to accept the plea of murder in the second degree.

Sixth: The Court erred in sustaining the commonwealth's objections to the defendant's offer to prove the disturbed mental condition of the defendant.

Seventh: Owing to the refusal of the Court to grant the change of venue and the effect given to the signing of the petitions referred to by some of the jurors, the defendant was deprived of his right to select his jurors for the trial of his cause from upwards of hundreds of the citizens of the county, and upwards of ten of the jurors drawn in the original panel, he therefore could not and did not have a fair and impartial trial before a jury of his peers, drawn and summoned according to law.

Defendant's counsel ask the Court further that if after a more full examination of the matters of the trial they shall be of opinion that other reasons should be filed they be permitted to do so.

KRESS & MCCORMICK,
Attorneys for defendant.

Across the Deep, to the Far West,

On steamboats, cars and stage-coaches. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is carried as the most important item in the materia medica of the traveling public. It deprives vitiated, brackish water of its hurtful propertirs and execrable flaver, counteracts the pernicious effect upon the stomach of bad or indigestible food, remedies cramps, heartburn and wind upon the stomach. It is a fine defense against malarial disorders, nullifies the effect of excessive heat cold and damp, relieves sick-headache, and is an incomparable cure for costiveness and billiousness. The fatigue of travel often tells most disastrously upon invalids and convalescents, occasionally to such an extent as to jeopardize life. Person in feeble health, apprehensive of bad effect from travel, will, if provided with the Bitters, be far less likely to have their fears realized.

Wreck at Milesburg!

Friday night about ten o'clok a number of cars of coke were shoved in on the side track at the Milesburg station and then carelessly the switch was left open. The midnight through freight east came down under full head of steam and the engineer failed to notice the open switch and the consequence was he ran right in the coke cars with the result of wrecking about thirteen cars and piling the coke up all around the station. Fortuuately no persons were seriously injured, though some were badly shaken up.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For sale by C. M. Parrish, druggist.

The Ladies' Home Journal

A never failing charm of the *The Ladies' Home Journal* is that it is always abreast of the season; somehow it presents just the things one wants most to see at the particular times it comes out; this seems especially true of the June number, with its dainty pages for the Brides of June, Florence Howe Hall's "In Church or at home?" Mrs Mallon's suggestions for brides and their maids, and Ella Wheeler Wilcox's clever comparisons between women and flowers. Quite as timely, also, are the portrait sketch of Lady Agnes Macdonald, the wife of Canada's Premier; Sister Rose Gertrude's description of "Life among the Lepers at Molokai"; Charles J. Dumar's article on "Women as Typesetters," and William H. Rideing's "Hints on House Building." Those whose thoughts are turning toward summer outings, will find helpful suggestions in "Horseback Riding for Women," by Carl A. Nyegaarb, of the New York Riding Club, and Miss Le Garde's "How to Dress for Bicycle Riding"; Helen Jay and Kate Upson Clark have treated very acceptably the two sides of the farmer *vs.* summer-boarder controversy, and the same breezy out-door spirit pervades also the usual department pages. Mrs. Whitney's "A Golden Gossip," and A Soul from Pudge's Corners," Jessie F. O'Donnell's strong serial, are both continued, and "Buck" Ewing, of the New York Base-Ball Club, contributes an article which will delight the boys. The *Journal* promises also some particularly delightful things for each of the coming summer numbers. Issued at One Dollar a year, or Ten Cents a copy, by the Curtis Publishing Company, 435 Arch street, Philadelphia Pa.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } ss.
Lucas County, }

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo. County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

[SEAL.] A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surface of the system. Send for testimonial, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
☞Sold by Druggists, 75 cents.

Every Railroad Man Will Want It.

No railroad man in the world is more widely known or more popular than Chauncey M. Depew. Over the caption of "Our National Orator," a magnificent picture of him is presented on the first page of *Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper* this week. Another striking feature is the prediction by Professor Totten, of Yale University, thatthe Millennium will come in 1899. The pictures include illustrations of the New York Central Railroad system, the Utica Masonic Home, a Nashvill belle. sealing in Alaska, Italian fish-dealer in San Francisco, amateur photographs, etc. Get it from your newsdealer for ten cents.

A Lady's Perfect Companion.

"Painless Childbirth," our new book, tells how *any* woman may become a mother *without suffering any pain whatever.* Also, how to treat and overcome morning sickness, swelled limbs and other evils attending pregnancy. It is reliable, and highly endorsed by physicians as the wife's true private companion. Send two-cent stamp for descriptive circulars and confidential letter, sent in sealed envelope. Address FRANK THOMAS & Co., Publishers, Baltimore, Md.

Beautiful Flowers.

We have received from Mr. Harry Chaapel, the well known Florist, of Williamsport, Pa., a very fine collection of flowers, including some of the choicest and most beautiful varieties grown, all received in good condition and very satisfactory. Mr. C. is both liberal and enterprising and does an extensive business all through this section. His establishment is one of the largest and most complete in Northern Pennsylvania, and all persons interested should send for his beautiful illustrated Book of flowers, Plants and Seeds. Free on request.

Steady employment and liberal wages is offered in another column by Sears, Henry & Co., Geneva, N. Y. They are a reliable firm. Established 1865.

OF INEREST TO WRITERS.

A LABOR SAVING INVENTION INDISPENSABLE TO ALL WHO WRITER.

Of the many valuable improvements which have been made in self-feeding pens a great part are due to the skill and persistence of Mr. L. E. Dunlap, of Boston, who as a pioneer in this business, has spent the last decade in perfecting the fountain pen, that bears his name. The latest perfected invention is the Dunlap Double feed pen, and in this very double-feed lies the secret of its success.

It carries a sixteen-karat diamond-pointed gold pen, and is a perfect pocket-companion that will not only prove indispensable, but a joy and blessing as long as life last. It is guaranteed to write instantly, always and under all circumstances. To introduce it among the readers of this paper, the manufactures offer for a short time only, to send it by return mail at one-half the regular price.

By posing a letter, enclosing a two cent stamp, to the Dunlap Pen Company. 280 Washington street, Boston Mass., you will receive a beautifully engraved ticket worth $2, and also an illustrated price-list and circular, telling you how to make $5 per day.

WATCHES GIVEN AWAY.

TO PARTIES GETTING UP CLUBS FOR THE AMERICAN HEARTHSTONE.

The *American Hearthstone* for 1891 has been greatly improved and illustrated, making one of the best family story papers. Its short and continued stories are written by some of the best authors of the land. We will publish historical and biographical sketches, stories of travel and adventure. Various departments such as Educational, Woman, Household and Family Physician, will be found under their respective heads, including one page for the amusement of the young readers.

The subscription price is only 50 cents a year. Parties getting up clubs can take subscriptions at 35 cents a year. We will send the paper 4 months on trial and a complete novel for 10 cents; one year with a pair of 50 cent button hole scissors, pen and pencil stamp or ten complete novels for 50 cents. For 75 cents we will send the paper one year and an Elgin Typewriter. The apove offers are only for new subscribers.

We want a bright boy or girl in every town and villiage to get up clubs. We will give watches for clubs from 15 up. Sample copies and outht free. You can get a watch for a few hours work. Try it. Send for sample.

AMERICAN HEARTHSTONE.
ROCKAWAY, N. J.

She Had His Money.

Quite a little excitement was caused at the Brockerhoff House on Thursday noon by the sudden appearance in the dining room of a woman who beseeched those present to save her from being killed by an apparently angry man who was following her. The man claimed that the woman had his money and refused to return it and all he wanted was his own property. Both parties were put out of the room and house. The woman was a Mrs. Miller of Centre Hall, and the man a Mr Walk- of Lewisburg. All the particulars that could be learned were that early in the week the man gave the woman some money to keep for him he alleges, until his return. When he came back the woman had gone to Centre Hall whither he followed. She then came to Bellefonte Thursday morning and the man found her near the Brockerhoff House, into which she ran with the results above described. Both parties departed on the 2 p. m. train for Centre Hall. It is said the character of the woman is none of the best.

Look here, Friend, are You Sick?

Do you suffer from Dyspepsia, Indigestion Sour Stomach, Liver Complaint, Nervousness, Lost Appetite, Billiousness, Exhaustion or tired feeling, Pains in Chest or Lungs, Dry Cough, Night-sweats, Nervous Debility, or any form of Consumption? If so, send to Prof. Hart, 88 Warren St., New York, who will send you free, by mail, a bottle of medicine which is a sure cure. Send to-day. d&w-tf

HARRISBURG, May 27.—The house today refused to concur in the senate amendments to the Baker reform bill—yeas 89, nays 98.

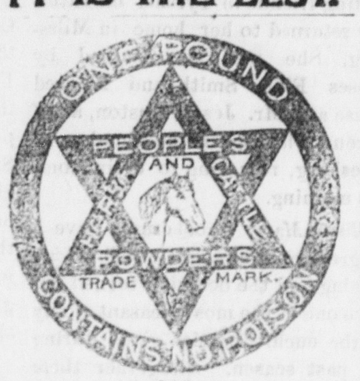
At the afternoon session of the senate amendments to the senatorial apportionment bill were non-concurred in. The senate amendments to the compulsory education bill were agreed to.

St. Jacobs Oil

A SURE CURE — A PROMPT CURE

CURES PERMANENTLY

Rheumatism
Sciatica
Back Aches
all Aches
NEURALGIA.
IT HAS NO EQUAL.
IT IS THE BEST.



FOR
Horses, Cattle, Sheep & Hogs.

Excels any remedy for the rapid cure of Hard Colds, Coughs, Heaves, Yellow Water, Fever, Distemper, Sore and Weak Eyes, Lung Fever, Costiveness, Stiffness, and all difficulties arising from impurities of the Blood. Will relieve Heaves at once. *Manufactured by the*

KOPPA MANUFACTURING CO., LYONS, N. Y.
FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS

I GIVE AWAY

To every reader of this paper who suffers from Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Sick Headache, Nervous Debility or Consumption, a free bottle of that most wonderful medicine, **Floraplexion,** which is the only absolute and permanent cure for the above named diseases. I can afford to do this because I know that nine out of every ten persons who try it will be so well satisfied with the results they will take pleasure in speaking about its marvelous curative virtues to all their friends and acquaintances. The value of this sort of advertising to me is worth many times the cost of the medicine given away, so I am well compensated for the seeming large expense.

I have over 70,000 letters on file from people who have been cured of one or more of the complaints above named. Write to-day stating your disease and receive a free bottle by return mail, or ask your druggist for it and get well. Address,

PROF. HART, 88 WARREN STREET, NEW YORK.
Feb m1-26-1y

Tutt's Pills

The dyspeptic, the debilitated, whether from excess of work of mind or body, drink or exposure in

Malarial Regions,

will find Tutt's Pills the most genial restorative ever offered the suffering invalid.

Try Them Fairly.

A vigorous body, pure blood, strong nerves and a cheerful mind will result.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

DR. THEEL
538 North Fourth St., below Green. Philadelphia.

Regular registered Physician and Surgeon, Graduate of the best Colleges. The acknowledged most successful specialist for speedy, safely and permanently curing

SPECIAL DISEASES,

of both sexes, by an entirely new discovery. BLOOD POISON discharges etc., obstinate hard or soft ulcers, skin eruptions, blotches, pimples, swellings, inflammations, Bladder, Kidney, Heart, lung, liver, stomach, mouth, throat, nose, early decay, debility, loss of mental and physical strength, melancholy, pains from excesses or youthful errors. Cure is positive and lasting relief at once. Fresh cases cured in 4 to 10 days, no experiment but skill and science. Do not be humbugged by deceiving advertisements but call or write and be saved. $15,000 will be paid to any advertising Doctor or Institution in Philadelphia who can show as many hopeless cases cured as I can. Send 2 cents stamp for book "TRUTH" and sworn testimonials, exposing quacks and advise to all sufferers and those contemplating marriage. OFFICE HOURS—Every Day from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Evenings 6—9, Wednesday & Saturday Evenings from 6—10, Sundays from 9—12. Strictly confidential.

FOR REFERENCES see Wed. and Sat. Philadelphia Times.

QUICK & CERTAIN CURE
TRADE MARK

Q. & C. does not stain. Prevents Stricture. Cures Gonorrhea and Gleet in 1 to 4 days. Our Perfection Syringe free with each bottle. Sent by express to any address for One Dollar. Package securely sealed. Manufactured only by JOHN G. McLAIN & SON
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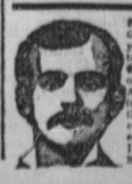
ATLAS ENGINE WORKS,
INDIANAPOLIS, IND.



$6000.00 a year is being made by John R. Goodwin, Troy, N. Y., at work for us. Reader, you may not make as much, but we can teach you quickly how to earn from $5 to $10 a day at the start, and more as you go on. Both sexes, all ages. In any part of America, you can commence at home, giving all your time, or spare moments only to the work. All is new. Great pay SURE for every worker. We start you, furnishing everything. EASILY, SPEEDILY learned. PARTICULARS FREE. Address at once, STINSON & CO., PORTLAND, MAINE.

The Largest Farm in the World

From Drake's Magazine.

The largest farm in the world is one in the southwest of the State of Louisiana, measuring one hundred miles north and south and twenty-five miles east and west. The 1,500,000 acres of which it is made up were purchased seven years ago from the State of Louisiana and from the United States Government by a syndicate of Northern capitalists, by which it is now farmed. At that time it was a vast grazing ground for the cattle of the few dealers in the neighborhood, there being 30,000 head of cattle and horses upon it. This immense tract is now divided into convenient pasture stations or ranches, the fencing alone costing $50,000.

The land is best adapted to rice, sugar, corn and cotton. All the cultivating, ditching, etc., is done by steam power, a tract of about half a mile wide being taken, and an engine placed on each side. The engines are portable and work a cable attached to four plows, the area plowed in this way, with the labor of only three men, being thirty acres. Harrowing, sowing, etc., is done in the same way, and there is not a single draft horse on the estate. Horses are, however, used for the herdsmen, who look after the 16,000 head of cattle upon the property, which is traversed for thirty-six miles by the Southern Pacific Railway. The company has three steamboats upon the 300 miles of navigable waters which traverse their immense estate and also possesses a shipyard, a bank and two rice mills.

A New Swindle

Business men should keep their eyes open for several well dressed individuals who travel in a buggy and who are also working the "skin game." The plan on which they operate is to offer ten dollar bills in payment for small purchases and then ask the parties they are dealing with to take back the small change and return the original note and in this way make a confusion in the change, and by the time they are done they have swindled you out of several dollars in change. These fellows have been "working" neighboring counties, and it is hard to tell how soon they will appear in this county to cheat the unwary.

"Siege of Sebastopol" at Harrisburg.

For this World-Famed "Siege of Sebastopol" at Harrisburg, Pa., commencing Tuesday, June 16th and continuing every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday thereafter until July 7th, inclusive, ten performances in all, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will place on sale at stations between Downingtown and Altoona, Crookeysville and Williamsport, all inclusive, excursion tickets to Harrisburg, Pa., and return at a rate of single fare for the round trip, plus fifty cents to cover admission to the performance.

These tickets will be gooq only on date of issue and valid for return until the next succeeding day.

Magnificent Reward Offered.

Mr. J. C. Meyer will pay a large reward to any person sending him a sure and effective cure for cut worms. All cures to be plainly written on clean paper and sent, postage paid, to Mr. Meyer, who obligates himself to give each and every method a fair and impartial trial and the cure most sure and effective will draw the prize. Now send in your cures as fast and as soon as possible as the above gentleman is becoming desperate.

The Decoration Day exercises at Potters Mills were simple and impressive. A drum corps furnished appropriate martial music and the people of the surrounding community joined in the ceremonies. Rev. Isenburg, of Centre Hall, invoked a blessing and the address was delivered by our townsman, W. I. Swoope, Esq. The address was one of the best ever delivered at that place and was thoroughly enjoyed by all who heard it.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

SULPHUR BITTERS

The Greatest Blood Purifier KNOWN.

This Great German Medicine is the cheapest and best. 128 doses of SULPHUR BITTERS for $1.00, less than one cent a dose. It will cure the worst cases of skin disease, from a common pimple on the face to that awful disease Scrofula. SULPHUR BITTERS is the best medicine to use in all cases of such stubborn and deep seated diseases. Do not take

BLUE PILLS

or mercury, they are dead ly. Place your trust in SULPHUR BITTERS, the purest and best medicine ever made.

Is your Tongue Coated with a yellow sticky substance? Is your breath foul and offensive? Your stomach is out of order. Use SULPHUR BITTERS immediately. Is your Urine thick, cloudy, or ropy, clots on standing? Your kidneys are out of order. Use SULPHUR BITTERS. If you are sick, no matter what ails you, use

Sulphur Bitters!

Don't wait until you are unable to walk, or are flat on your back, but get some at once, it will cure you. Sulphur Bitters is

The Invalid's Friend.

The young, the aged and tottering are soon made well by its use. Remember what you read here, it may save your life, it has saved hundreds. Don't wait until to-morrow,

Try a Bottle To-day!

Are you low-spirited and weak, or suffering from the excesses of youth? If so, SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you.

Don't Wait!

Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass., for best medical work published.

Only Temperance Bitters Known.

VINEGAR BITTERS

VEGETABLE — FREE FROM WHISKEY

PURELY — DeWALKER'S — MEDICINAL

EUREKA

VINEGAR BITTERS

GRANDEST - MODERN - DISCOVERY

Triumph of Pharmacy

The only true practical

ELIXIR OF LIFE AND HEALTH.

is one that promotes digestion, improves the appetite, cleanses the liver, purifies the blood, and absolutely brain and nerves without *injurious reaction*, and one that may be taken alike by adult or infant. Profane compounds, made of vile rum or bad whiskey, sweetened and flavored, under the titles of bitters, tonics, &c, produce effects far worse than the disease for which they are taken.

Vinegar Bitters is a pure tonic, a nervine without being narcotic, a purifier without poison, a liver tonic without purging, and above all, a life-giving stimulus without alcohol. The only medicine with such powers *in the world.*

A GENUINE TEMPERANCE BEVERAGE,

far surpassing alcohol in any shape as a tonic it might be called

LIQUID LIFE,

since it stimulates, invigorates and regulates digestion, nutrition, secretion, excretion, respiration, and all the functions whereby life is maintained—we literally take in *vitality in spoonfuls.*

It is too much to assert that *the equal of Vinegar Bitters does not exist,* as no counterpart or compound with similar virtues has ever been known.

CALIFORNIA,

if remarkable for nothing else, would be immortalized by the production of the medicinal fruits roots and herbs of which this Bitters is composed. Many of them used by the Indians and the medical profession in the treatment of chills and fevers, rheumatism, catarrh, consumption, neuralgia, headaches, liver complaint, kidney disease, jaundice, gout, piles, boils, skin diseases, &c., &c., too numerous to mention, but easily understood when the action of the Bitters on the vital functions is remembered. The discovery was partly accidental but the present

PERFECT BITTERS IS THE RESULT OF SCIENCE.

Millions of sufferers have gratefully and gladly endorsed, during the past quarter of a century the wonderful success of this

PHENOMENAL TONIC OF THE WORLD.

In order to meet every probable demand, two formulas of the same ingredients are now put up.

THE OLD STYLE IS STRONGER, SLIGHTLY BITTER, AND MORE CATHARTIC.

THE NEW STYLE, PLEASANT TO THE TASTE, AND EXPRESSLY ADAPTED TO DELICATE WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

REMEMBER,

There is *no disease* of low vitality, debility of functions, or nervous prostration for which

VINEGAR BITTERS IS NOT CURATIVE,

and its singular power over the lower organisms renders it the implacable foe of

THE DEADLY MICROBE AND OMNIPRESENT BACTERIA

in malarial diseases, cholera, consumption, internal diseases, &c., and so great is its power as a germicide that it is an

UNEQUALLED VERMIFUGE.

A book could be written of its virtues, and another of testimonials, but it is only necessary to remember its general action upon the liver, blood, brain and nerves, to realize its use in a *majority of the ills that flesh is heir to, and that no family should ever be without a bottle of*

OLD AND NEW STYLE VINEGAR BITTER IN THE HOUSE.

Send for our Ladies book. Address

Address R. H. McDONALD DRUG CO
2 Washington St. New York

I CURE FITS!

When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE. I have made the disease of

FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS,

A life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address

H. G. ROOT, M.C., 183 PEARL ST., NEW YORK

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Catalogue FREE.
1006 Chestnut St., Philadelphia Pa.
POSITION SURE. Good Compensation.
LESSONS BY MAIL OR AT COLLEGE.
REMINGTON STANDARD TYPEWRITER.

Bellefonte Republican,

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Corespondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

CHAS. L. GATES, - - LESSEE
Editor and Business Manager.

Local Department.

—May is no more.

—The month of the roses is here.

—Home grown strawberries are now in market.

—Look out for the June bug and the potato bug.

—There is every promise of an abundance of roses.

—Farmers up Bald Eagle are already working their corn.

—The court house is now locked up every evening at nine o'clock.

—Mr. Henry Stevens, of Halfmoon township, was in Bellefonte on Tuesday.

—Rev. J. Ziegler is suffering from a full grown carbuncle on his left arm.

—The debris of the wreck at Milesburg is now almost cleaned away.

—Samuel Weaver, deceased, had four thousand dollars insurance on his life.

—From the *Journal* of that place we notice that the boys play base ball even in Millheim.

—Mr. E. C. Humes will have a tar pavement put down along his property on Howard street.

—Men have begun work to remove the ruins of Gen. Beaver's burned house on East Lamb street.

—The glass works buildings have all been whitewashed. It gives them a neat and thrifty appearance.

—Another wedding in high life is on the tapis but as the cards are not yet out no names can be given.

—No drunks were seen on Saturday. This is probably owing to the fact that the bars were closed during the afternoon.

—The chickens that come over and scratch in your garden always have sense enough to go home and lay their eggs.

—In about four more weeks the carpenters will have finished the wood work of Mr. Frank montgomery's new house.

—Deputy prothonotary Foreman would like to have Wednesday's Philadelphia *Inquirer*. Can't some friend send him a copy.

—Mr. John Bauer, son of V. J. Bauer, has purchased of Louis Bagnarelli his confectionery shop on High street. Consideration, $350.

—Mr. James Schofield will not go with Rev. Laurie across the blue seas but will sail about two weeks from now for the green Emerald Isle.

—A correct picture of Gideon W. Marsh, with a one thousand dollars reward notice attached, is being circulated very freely throughout the United States.

—The small boy says Bellefonte is to have another circus in the near future. Of course the small boy knows all about such things long before anybody else.

—It is reported that Bellefonte society will soon be ruffled by the announcement of the approaching marriage of one of the oldest, gray-haired rasidents of the town.

—Miss Louisa Toner, of Spring street has greatly improved her place of residence by the addition of a fresh coat of paint to the door, etc. Miss Louisa likes to have her home look nice.

—On Tuesday evening Mr. Joshua Folk trimmed the trees in front of Mr. John Lane's property on Linn street and now it is possible for the occupants of that house to see out on the street.

—A funny incident transpired up town on Monday. A young man riding a very fine horse was passing along Allegheny street and, when opposite Ceader's bakery the animal suddenly turned and walked into the door of the ice cream saloon. Someone in the room closed the door and thus shut out a patron who was likely on the hunt of a good dish of ice cream.

—The remains of Mr. Lewis Houseal, who died in Lock Haven on Sunday, arrived in Bellefonte on the 5.20 train Tuesday evening and were at once conveyed to the Union cemetery where interment took place.

—Have you seen the dandy red, white and blue fourth of July posters now being put up around town? The printing of same was done at this office, the best place in Centre county for getting such work, as well as all other kinds of job work, done.

—Did you notice that nice gold-headed cane in the window of Richard's jewelery store, now being contested for by two young men, Messrs. Wilson and Benner, for the benefit of the Pleasant View band? It's a daisy and the young man who wins it can be proud of his prize.

—On Friday evening last a number of young folks of Central City assembled at the home of Mr. Samuel Wyland where a delightful social party was held. Dancing and games were indulged in after which refreshments, of the choicest kinds and in almost endless quantity were served.

—On May 15th, at a dance on Kettle Creek, Clinton county, Israel Mysheral, of New Brunswick, was hit on the head with a bottle by Mike McDonald, and injured so badly that he died shortly after. McDonald has been arrested and is now in the jail at Lock Haven.

—The vault attached to the Commissioner's office is being given a thorough renovation of congregated matter that has become stale and out of date, and new shelves have been put up so that all the books can be properly labelled and arraigned in good order. This will make things far more convenient in that place than it has been for some time.

—The *Owl* uptown is making a great fuss over the fact that, through a breach of confidence, it made a "beat" on the DAILY NEWS in the Johnston-Aiken wedding. Why don't it explain to its subscribers the reason it failed to publish even the smallest part of D. F. Fortney's address to the graduating class of the High School.

—The funeral of Samuel Weaver, of Oak Hall, occured on Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Representatives from four I. O. O. F. lodges, of which order he was a member, were present. The Odd Fellows had charge of the obsequies, Messers Samuel Ishler and J. C. Meyer, conducting the impressive service. Interment was made at Boalsburg.

—And now it is said that a number of the society young ladies of Bellefonte have formed a club with the sole object in view of meeting together in some secluded room and, after locking themselves in, proceed to indulge in the luxury of cigarette smoking. On a recent occasion when the young ladias were in the height of their smoking bliss a side door opened and in stepped a gentleman friend. Of course the next act was a tableau.

—All persons should read the law which now provides a reward for informations concerning the slaughter of song birds. Heretofore there was a law prohibiting the killing of song birds but no incentive for people to inform when the guilty parties are caught at the nefarious work. Now the law provides that in every case of conviction, one-half of the fine imposed shall be paid to the informer. In this way, no doubt, the enforcement of the law can be secured.

Drowned at Howard

News comes from Howard of the drowing in the creek at that place on Monday evening of John Leathers, the 13-year-old son of Mr. Mitchell Leathers, of Snow Shoe, who had been visiting at Howard. The young man had gone in swimming and it is not known whether he went in too deep water or whether his death was the result of being suddenly attacked with cramp. The body will be taken to Snow Shoe for interment.

Children's Day.

Children's day will be observed by the Beech Creek Presbyterian Snndap school on Sunday next, June 7, at 3 o'clock p. m. The exercises will be varied, a special program having been paepared for the occasion.

Personal Pencilings.

Mr. Wilbur Harris is visiting his parents in Bellefonte.

Mrs. D. H. Hastings departed on Tuesday for a short trip west.

Mrs. H. C. Brew, of Tyrone, has gone to Clifton Springs, N. Y., to join her sister, Mrs. John G. Love, of this place, who is there undergoing medical treatment.

Mr. T. B. Budinger, of Snow Shoe, was visible on the streets of Bellefonte Monday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. George B. Johnston returned home Friday last and are now receiving the congratulations of their many friends.

Mr. George W. Fisher and his little son, Johnnie, of Halfmoon township, spent Saturday in Bellefonte, and were interested spectators of Bellefonte's Decoration Day exercises.

Miss Edith Else, who has been visiting friends in Tyrone, on Saturday returned to her home in Milesburg. She was accompanied by Misses Flora Smith and Mildred Bouse and Mr. Jesse Huston, all of Tyrone, who spent the Sunday in Milesburg, returning to their home this morning.

Miss. Mary Brockerhoff gave a progressive euchre party on Thursday evening and the occasion turned out to be one of the most pleasant of any of the euchre parties given during the past season. Altogether there were ten sets shuffling the cards. The gentlemen's prize was won by Mr. Harry Keller and the ladies prize by Mrs. L. T. Munson.

EIGHTY THREE ON SUNDAY.

MR. IRA FISHER OF LOVEVILLE, IS FOURSCORE, HALE AND HEARTY.

On Sunday, May 31st, Mr. Ira Fisher, of Loveville, celebrated his eighty third birthday, and he is yet in general good health. His children celebrated the occasion by a quiet home gathering and kind remembrances for their beloved parent. Mr. Fisher was also the recipient of a number of letters from oldtime friends and associates which were pleasant to read being very reminiscent, calling up old times long past and gone but not yet forgotten.

Mr. Fisher is now probably one of the oldest citizens of Centre County. He was raised in Bald Eagle Valley but for almost a quarter of a century has been a resident of Halfmoon township. He was at one time commissioner of Centre county having been elected in 1859. At those times the elections were held in October and the officials were sworn in one month later, it was during Mr. Fisher's term as commissioner that the park in front of the court house was planted. Mr. Fisher, himself, went to the mountain, selected the trees, assisted in digging them up, hauling them and then replanting them where they now stand, an honor to the town, the pride of Centre county and the envy of other counties, and which will stand as a tribute to his memory for centuries to come. is With all his friends we join in wishing Mr. Fisher many more years of a happy and comfortable life.

THE ENEMY IN AMBUSH.

Every one knows that at this season of the year disease lies in ambush, every ready to pounce and prey upon the weak. And any fair-minded physician will tell you that the only safeguard lies in keeping the system thoroughly keyed up by the use (not abuse) of a reliable stimulant. Hundreds of tonics are advertised for this purpose, but experience shows that a pure rye whiskey is the only one to be depended upon. Max Klein's "Silver Age" and "Duquesne" brands are sold under a sworn guarantee of absolute purity; an affidavit accompanies each bottle. "Silver Age" sells for $1.50 and "Duquesne" at $1.25 per full quart bottle. The difference in age makes the difference in price—both brands are warranted to be unadulterated.

You can get Guckenheimer, Finch, Gibson or Overholt from Mr. Klein at $1.00 per quart, or six quarts for $5.00. His stock of wines, brandies, gins, etc., is acknowledged to be the largest and choicest in the state. Goods shipped to all parts of the U. S. Send for catalogue and price list, mentioning this paper. MAX KLEIN, 82 Federal st. Allegheny, Pa.

A Book Of 500 Pages

On treatment and care of domestic animals, Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs and Poultry, sent free address Humphreys' Veterinary Specifies, Cor. William and John streets, New York.

Drunkenness, or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It is manufactured as a powder, which can be given in a glass of beer, a cup of coffee, or tea, or in food, without the knowledge of the patient. It is absolutely harmless, and will affect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. **It never Fails.** The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. Cures guaranteed. 48 page book of particulars free. Address
GOLDEN SPECIFIC Co., 185 Race St. Cincinnati, O.

m22-1y

IN TRIBUTE TO THEIR MEMORY

DECORATION DAY, AND HOW IT WAS OBSERVED IN BELLEFONTE.

Decoration Day dawned clear and beautiful and, not only dawned that way, but the weather from morn to night could not have been pleasanter or more auspicious to the occasion. Saturday forenoon in Bellefonte was little different from the regulation Saturday forenoon but in the afternoon all business places were closed from one o'clock until four. In the morning delegations of Gregg Post and Company B went to Pleasant Gap to decorate in the cemetery at that place.

In the afternoon at 1.30 o'clock the parade was formed in diamond square and at 2 o'clock the line began to march, formed as follows: Company B, Gregg Post, a carriage containing the speakers of the day, Col. Spangler and Governor Curtin; Logan Steam Fire Engine Company, headed by the Zion band; the lodge of the O. U. A. M., the Undine Hose Company, headed by the Pleasant Gap band. The line of parade was down High to Spring, Spring to Bishop, Bishop to Allegheny, Allegheny to Howard and out Howard to the cemetery. On their arrival in the cemetery a hollow square was formed around four graves in the North side and there the services were conducted.

Commander Taylor read the regular Decoration day order after which there was music by a male sextette. The chaplain offered prayer and the decoration of the four soldiers' graves followed, the following persons performing this service: James H. Rankin, Harvey Benner, John Noll and Thomas Donarchy. Then followed the decoration of all soldiers' graves. At the bugle call all parties assembled and listened to the address of he day as delivered by Col. J. L. Spangler. The oration was one of power and eloquence, study and thought, poetical and sublime, interesting and instructive. It was a review of those dark and troublous times now over a quarter of a century agone and a comparison of that struggle with the world's greatest wars. It was a picture of our own greatness and credibility as a nation. Of the uprightness and charity of the people one for another. On the whole it was a model oration—one worthy of being delivered in the presence of the most learned, and its close was a touching tribute to the memory of the honored dead and an appeal for a continuance of the beloved custom of decorating the soldier's graves. General Beaver, who was present with the Post, arrayed in the blue uniform and soldier's cap with the regulation G. A. R. badge pinned to the lappel of his coat, was called on and responded in a short, but very earnest and elouquent speech. The chaplain then pronounced the benediction after which a salute of three volleys was fired by company B, when the parade re-formed and marched back to the diamond where they were dismissed. Company B went to Milesburg to assist in the decoration at that place.

Mothers should take warning and stop dosing there babies with laudanum while teething. Dr. Bull's Bapy Syrup answers the same purpose and it is known to be perfectly harmless. 25 cts.

It is an actual crime to suffer from catarrh when you can buy Old Saul's Catarrh Cure for only 25 cents and get cured at once.

Letter List

BELLEFONTE, PA., June 1, 1891.

The following letters remain uncalled for in the Bellefonte postoffice: Ertel, Mrs. Annie; Farcey, Harry; Givin, Mrs. Mattie; Lutz, Sadie; Robbins, J. G.

When called for please say advertised. J. A. FIEDLER, P. M.

If you are offered a bottle of Salvation Oil, with out wrapper, or mutilated or defaced, don't buy it at any price, you may be sure thst there is something wrong—it may be a worthless or dangerous counterfeit. Insist upon getting a perfect, unbroken, genuine package in a yellow wrapper.

Try it. It will cure you. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. All dealers keep it. Price 25 cents.

Save Yourself Money.—When you go to Pittsburg, Pa., stop at the Anchor Hotel, corner Liberty and Fourth streets. It is a strictly first-class Hotel conducted on the European plan. Lodgings, 25,—35, or 50 cents. a16-1y

Dr Laurie's Trip.

Dr. Laurie left on Tuesday for Europe. He will stop at Mt. Joy to bid farewell to Rev. David Conway, a close friend who comes from the old country. From there he will go to Philadelphia for a day, thence to Brooklyn and then to New York. He will sail Saturday forenoon at four o'clock on the Fermessia, landing at Glasgow in about seveh or eight days. After spending a week at Glasgow he will go up in the highlands for seven days, thence byboat to Naples, spending a few days there; from there to Rome, thence to Florence, by rail to Milan, crossing the country to Geneva and going from there to Straussqurg, thence to Worms and there taking a direct line to Paris. Spending about a week there. From Paris he will go to Dover, England, and thence to London, spending ten days there; from there he will go to oxford, thence to Cambridge, Manchester, and all other points of interest. Then he will strike Ireland. First he will visit Dublin, then to Cork, spend several days there, then to Blarney Castle, from there to the "Lakes of Killarney," thence to Ulster, from there to Giants Causeway, then to Belfast, spending several days there, then back to Glasgow ank all through Scotland. It has been thirty-six years since he visited his home and he left for the trip with the good wishes of all.

His Farewell.

The Presbyterians have held many pleasant sociables but perhaps none have been more pleasant and interesting than the one given on Monday evening in the chapel. As Dr. Laurie is about to start for his native land, "bonnie Scotland," it was deemed advisable to hold a reception that his many friends might have an opportunity to bid him a kind and affectionate farewell; and that Mr. Speer, who will occupy the pulpit during the greater part of Dr. Laurie's absence, might be heartily welcomed by the congregation. the chapel was beautifully decorated for the occasion and the committee on arrangements deserve much credit for the pleasing manner in which the services were conducted. Excellent music was furnished by a choir composed of Mrs. Mann, Miss Bayard, and Messrs. Blanchard, Voris and Hughes, Mrs. Hayes presiding at the organ. Addresses were delivered by Dr. Laurie, Mr. Speer, Gen. Beaver and others. From eight o'clock until ten the chapel was comfortably filled with an interested and appreciative audience. The reception was a grand success and all departed feeling that "it was good to be there."

Death of Mrs David.

Mrs. W. D. David died at her home near Romola, Curtin township, on Monday evening at five o'clock. Mrs. David was a daughter of Mrs. Elizabeth Lucas, of Bellefonte, and her death will be a sad stroke to her mother who is now seventy-five years of age. Two sisters, Mrs. Allen, of this place, and Mrs. Swartz, of Emporium; and two brothers, Albert and Amos, of this place, survive their sister. Three children, John, Corinia and Maggie, aged respectively fourteen, ten and 8 years, are left to mourn the loss of a kind parent. Mrs. David was well known in this and Clinton counties, and has many friends living in Lock Haven. She was a member of the Evangelical church and a good christian lady. The funeral will take place to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock, interment in the Lucas cemetery, sometimes called, 'the graveyard on the hill.'

Lock Haven papers please copy.

Thomas Frazier Dead.

Thomas Frazier, the old colored man who claimed to be 129 years of age, died at the home of Mrs. McDaniels, on East Howard street, this morning. Mr. Frazier, it will be remembered, is the man who a couple years ago lived on Half Moon hill, and who imagined that persons were robbing him of his money. The man was adjudged incapable of taking proper care of himself and Mr. William P. Humes was appointed a guardian for him. Mr. Humes had him placed under the care of Mrs. McDaniels where he has since remained. The old man came to Bellefonte during the war and for many years worked for Mr. E. C. Humes, finally buying a piece of ground on Halfmoon Hill on which he built himself a little house, or rather hut. Mr. Frazier had a little money, which has all been sacredly preserved for him. Although he claims to be over one hundred years old his real age is about 85.

Mrs. Jackson of East Linn street is entertaining a lady friend from Osceola.

Mr. and Mrs. Speer, of Huntingdon, are spending a few days in town.

Mrs. Harris and her little daughter, who formerly resided in Bellefonte but now live in Philadelphia, are visiting at the home of Mrs. Harris' brother, Dr. T. C. VanTries.

Unionville Items.

Fine weather here for the farmers and the growing crops. Some farmers are replanting a portion of their corn, that planted in dry weather not having made its appearance above ground.

Mr. Charley Potter, who took a large number of men from here a month or so ago to Potter county, Pa., to engage in a large contract of bark peeling, was back last week for more men and horses.

Miss Mary Fisher, who has been teaching school in New Jersey for some time, has closed her term and is now visiting her brother William, a young attorney-at law in New York City, where she will spend a few days before returning to her home in this place.

The popularity of this place as a summer retreat is yearly growing. Some visitors are already here and many more are expected.

A minister who preaches at the Messiah's church in Bush Hollow and on Dix Run, has moved to this place.

T. E. Griest and J. C. Smith have beautified their homes by repairing and painting.

A. J. St Clair, our postmaster, is having his home improved by a fresh coat of paint.

Harry Calhoun, the painter, is kept quite busy with the brush.

The school directors of Union township and those of our borough met on the first day of June to settle up the business of the last school year.

Decoration day was observed in the usual manner by the Post and others, W. F. Reeder, Esq., of Bellefonte, delivered an appropriate oration.

J.

—Spring chickens are growing.

—Blackberry bushes are now in blossom.

—Next holiday will be the fourth of July.

—The dog population is becoming too populous.

—Cherries are selling in the eastern markets for ten cents per quart.

—There is a penalty of $5 each for killing young rabbits. Boys, beware!

—A Williamsport woman whose husband neglected to support his family went to his employer and procured a dollar. When the fellow learned this he attacked his wife with a butcher knife and threatened to kill her unless she returned the money. She gave it to him and then very properly had him landed in jail, where he should be kept all summer.

A Natural Conclusion.

It is natural that those who have been deceived by the various nostrums that are continually offered to the public should demand a more substantial testimonial than the simple declaration of those who are interested in the sale of a medicine. Recognizing the justice of this demand, the Swift Specific (S. S. S.) Company, of Atlanta, have embodied in pamphlet form a few of the more noteworthy testimonials that have come to them unsolicited. This pamphlet, together with other interesting matter, they will take pleasure in sending to any address. Write to the S. S. S. Company, Drawer 3, Atlanta, Georgia.

The Pennsylvania Railroad's New Summer Excursion-Route Book.

The Pennsylvania Railroad's Summer Excursion-Route Book for the season of 1891, just from the press, is undoubtedly one of the most elaborate reference compendiums issued by any railroad company in the world. The company this year has used new illustrations, printed on a very high grade of paper, while a decided departure from the old cover heretofore binding the work is seen in the new one, which is beautifully illuminated and would do credit to the brush of a Rossi, so cleverly French is it in every detail. The new map embraces a territory from Canada to the Carolinas, and from the British possession of New Brunswick to beyond the Great Inland Lakes. When comparison is made with this volume of 272 pages, 100 illustrations, and over 1500 routes, a book which enters its year of manhood the first day of June, 1891, and the tiny pamphlet of 24 pages and 63 routes issued twenty-one years ago by the Pennsylvania Railroad, and considered at that time a marvelous departure in railroad advertising, the growth is hardly credible.

"A stitch in time save nine," and if you take Hood's Sarsaparilla now it may save months of future possible sicknesr.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE